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NYC RFP

Prepared for: New York City

Submitted by: Crown Castle NG East LLC

The pathway to possible.

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Proprietary & Confidential

Introduction / Introductory Statement

Crown Castle NG East ("CCNGE" or "Applicant") submits this proposal for a mobile telecommunications franchise (the "Proposal") in response to the City's request for proposals dated June 12, 2018 (the "RFP"). CCNGE seeks a franchise for the installation and use of mobile telecommunications antennas and related facilities on New York City ("City")-owned street light poles, traffic light poles, privately owned utility poles and certain street furniture in the City including the fiber serving the mobile pole top network.

As a neutral host provider, CCNGE is uniquely positioned to help the City meets its short and long term broadband goals. In addition to utilizing City-approved equipment specifications provided in the RFP, CCNGE has included additional equipment installation and configuration options and a corresponding Counter Offer to the City, which seeks to:

- Promote the City's vision and objectives with respect to increasing the health, safety and welfare of its residents and visitors;
- Provide the City's residents and visitors with 5G enabled wireless broadband access and other broadband access of the City's choice (i.e. Wi-Fi);
- Increase the availability and by extension the value of the City's assets;
- Enable Smart City and Internet of Things ("IoT") technologies that will place the City at the forefront of innovative Cities worldwide; and
- Position the City at the forefront of mobile broadband deployment while enabling a fast and flexible method
 of deployment that is mutually beneficial to the City and CCNGE.

On April 10, 2012, NextG Networks of NY, Inc. ("NextG NY") became a wholly owned indirect subsidiary of Crown Castle International Corp. acquired NextG NY's parent, NextG Networks, Inc. By way of background, NextG NY's name was changed to Crown Castle NG East Inc. on May 3, 2012, and further changed to Crown Castle NG East LLC on December 24, 2013 when it converted to a limited liability company.

1. Technical Proposal

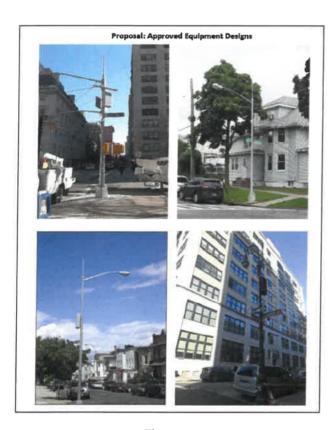
REQUIREMENT

Proposed Equipment. Equipment and facilities which would be located on Street Operations Poles, including at least a schematic design for, and photograph of, the equipment intended to be installed including known power requirements.



RESPONSE

In accordance with the requirements set forth by the RFP, CCNGE proposes to utilize the equipment specifications outlined in Exhibit A, titled, "Approved Equipment Design Drawings" (the "Approved Equipment"). While recognizing the Approved Equipment as the current standard approved by the City and its agencies, CCNGE has provided four additional options that will immediately enable faster wireless broadband deployment in unserved and underserved areas of the City while enabling critical communications infrastructure that is important to the health, safety and welfare of City residents and the progress and technical evolution of the City. The four options are not mutually exclusive and can be deployed in various combinations to suit the needs of the franchisee and City.



Proposal: Approved Equipment Design

This Approved Equipment has been deployed since the onset of the Mobile Pole Top Franchise in 2004. Architectural drawings and photos of existing deployments are attached in Exhibit A. Figure 1 reflects existing installations on three pole types in the City – M2 (top left), FS (top right and bottom left) and Bishops Crook (bottom right).

While the Approved Equipment met a need when it was originally approved in 2004, it is no longer sufficient to meet the growing needs and demands of all mobile users or to enable 5G deployment in the City. The current Approved Equipment will lead to an increased number of locations in the City and undermine the City's stated preference for neutral host applications.

Figure 1

CCNGE is a neutral host provider of broadband infrastructure. We view our role as providing the infrastructure to facilitate an open and robust competitive retail service market. Operating as a neutral host, CCNGE can facilitate a high-level of service based on competition and accelerate the entrant of new service providers.

An overview of the equipment specific proposal and options can be found below in the equipment table in Figure 2. An Equipment Exhibit Matrix, which lists the shroud and antenna sizes, is located in the Appendix. Accordingly, CCNGE proposes the following options:



Proposal + Exhibit	Equipment Cabinet/Shroud	Antenna(s)	Pole Type	Tennant Capacity	Areas of Deployment	Exhibit (Refer to RFP)	Technology
Proposal (Exhibit A) : Existing Approved Equipment Specification	DoFTT Cabinet: 9"D x 35"H x 15.5"W 2.8 cubic ft	26"H x 2"D 48"H x 2"D 60"H x 2"D 72"H x 2"D	Metal Street Light Wood Utility Pole	1 to 2	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit A	4G
Wooden Utility Poles (Exhibit B-1) : (Equipment Approved by ConEd)	Utility Approved Larger Cabinet, DoITT Style: 12"D x 42"H x 23.9"W 7 cubic ft	24"H × 14.6"D 48"H × 8"D 26"H × 8"D	Wood Utility Poles	3 to 4	Zones B, C	Exhibit B-1	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Millimeter Wave
DOT Control Box Type 8 (Exhibit C) ((DOT Cabinet Deployed Throughout the City)	DOT Control Box Type 8: 15°D x 43°H x 21°W 7.8 cubic ft	75"H x 2"D- Antenna Option #1	Metal Street Light	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit C	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Millimeter Wave
DOT Control Box Type 12 (Exhibit C) ; (DOT Cabinet Deployed Throughout the City)	DOT Control Box Type 12: 15"D x 49"H x 21"W 8.9 cubic ft	75"H x 2"D - Antenna Option #1 60"h x 4"D - Antenna Option #2 24"H x 14.5"D - Antenna Option #3	Metal Street Light	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit C	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Milimeter Wave
Optimal 5G/IoT Deployment Configuration for Zones A, B & C (Exhibit D)	See Exhibit D (Small Cell Volume Needs)	See Exhibit D (Small Cell Volume Needs)	Metal Street Light Wood Utility Pole	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit D	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Millimeter Wave

Figure 2

Option #1: Wooden Utility Pole Utility Approved Specifications

CCNGE shares the City's commitment to making New York the most connected city in the world, so that opportunities are available to all of its residents. We believe we can align our respective goals to achieve this vision. We are especially proud of the fact that 74% of our or our parent company's current nodes and 58% of our proposed nodes in the City are located outside the borough of Manhattan, proving just how committed CCNGE is to serving traditionally underserved communities.

A recent Pew report about home broadband usage underscores the urgency of this issue. The survey found that while non-broadband users increasingly agreed that they were at a major disadvantage compared to broadband users in accessing crucial information, such as job opportunities or government services, "price sensitivity...is a larger concern for non-adopters who are more likely to recognize the importance of high-speed connection." The report further states, "Reliance on smartphones for online access is especially common among younger adults, non-whites and lower-income Americans."

The de Blasio Administration has laudably made bridging the City's digital divide one of its key priorities and CCNGE is eager to play a role in expanding digital access to underserved communities. With households rapidly going to wireless-only and mobile broadband data usage skyrocketing, a robust mobile infrastructure system throughout the five boroughs will advance the City's goal of bringing every New Yorker reliable, high-speed broadband service by 2025. More flexibility with regard to current restriction on equipment size limitations and form factors will help make this possible.

¹ Pew Research Center: Internet/Broadband Fact Sheet (February 5, 2018): http://www.pewinternet.org/fact-sheet/internet-broadband/



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This is why we believe that an immediate impact can be made through the deployment of the utility approved equipment configurations on wooden utility poles in the outer boroughs.

CCNGE proposes to deploy the utility approved equipment specifications on wooden utility poles in Zone's B and C. This configuration has been approved by and consistently deployed in numerous municipalities outside of the City such as the Town/Village of Harrison, Town/Village of Mamaroneck, City of White Plains and the Town of Greenburgh, just to name a few. Con Edison is the operating utility who has approved of this proposed specification. A similar equipment configuration has also been approved by the utility Orange and Rockland, PSE&G and Verizon (landline) and deployed in many municipalities in Rockland County and throughout Long Island and New Jersey.

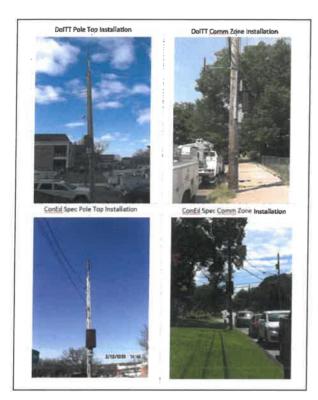


Figure 3

The City would recognize immediate benefits of this configuration given the presence of over 1700 current utility poles locations in the outer boroughs of Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Staten Island.

Architectural drawings and photos of the utility approved equipment are contained in Exhibit B-1. A comparison of the City Approved Equipment compared to that of the Utility Approved Equipment can also be found in Exhibit B-1 and in the photos in Figure 3.

For comparison purposes, photos of other installations on City utility poles by other entities and/or similarly certificated providers can be found in Figure 4. The specification proposed by CCNGE is much smaller in volume and less visually obtrusive than other current and ongoing attachments by others, which the City permits.

CCNGE further proposes to utilize the strands between wooden utility poles owned by the utilities to strand mount antennas and radios by over lashing equipment on said strands. Other utilities are utilizing this deployment method in the City. As a holder of a CPCN issued by the Public Service Commission of the State of New York ("PSC") and thus, a recognized public utility in the State of New York, CCNGE is entitled to access to the public rights of way in the same manner as said existing franchisees who are using stranding as a method to deploy their equipment. (See Exhibit F: CCNGE CPCN).

ENTITTY has obtained the necessary approvals from Con Edison to deploy strand mounting in Zones B and C in the City. An example of strand mounting is located in Exhibit B-2.

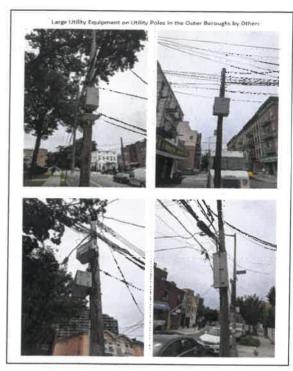


Figure 4

Option #2: Existing City Approved Equipment – DOT Control Box Specifications

Given the City's existing departmental and regulatory approvals of the DOT Control Boxes as well as the City and general public's familiarity with their deployment throughout all five boroughs, CCNGE proposes to replace two existing Approved Equipment configurations with one Approved Equipment configuration in areas where minimizing or elimination is demonstrated. This option would maximize the neutral host model and enable the deployment of 5G technologies in the City more quickly. This model would also minimize the number of deployments required, freeing space on City-owned assets for valuable Smart City technology, such as DOT's current deployment of the connected vehicle program.²

An architectural drawing and photo simulations of this option is contained in Exhibit C. Examples of the proposed DOT Control Box scenario can be found in the below photos. The DOT Control Boxes would be mounted low, similar to how they are mounted today. They can also be mounted higher up on the pole. Examples of this scenario can be found in Exhibit C.

Option #3: Use of Link NYC and Alternate Street Furniture

CCNGE seeks to utilize the Link NYC infrastructure under the terms outlined in the City's RFP and has entered discussions to secure an agreement that will maximize existing infrastructure in the City's public way.

² Press Release: NYC DOT Advances to Phases Two and Three of Federal Connected Vehicle Pilot Program (September 28, 2016). Link: http://www.nyc.gov/html/dot/html/pr2016/pr16-094.shtml



Furthermore, CCNGE seeks to utilize the street furniture options called out in the RFP in addition to other solutions in the City's public way including but not limited to planters, waste receptacles/ trashcans, newspaper dispensers and stands, phone booth banks and bollards.

CCNGE also seeks to utilize all light poles and street furniture in City parks, some of which have not been permitted by DOITT under the current franchises. CCNGE seeks to modify such poles and street furniture so that equipment can be embedded within or under the poles or street furniture and result in the most aesthetically pleasing design for the Parks Department.

A select sample of street furniture options are reflected in Figure 5.

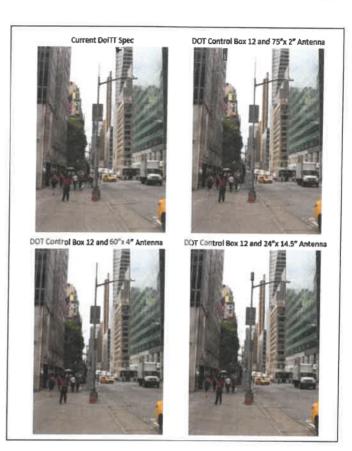


Figure 5

Option #4: Optimal Configuration

The next generation of mobile networks is already upon us and the technologies of 5G and beyond must contain the following characteristics to work effectively:

- 1. Higher System Capacity
- 2. High Data Rates
- 3. Lower Latency
- 4. Mass Connectivity
- 5. Energy Efficiency and,
- 6. More Agile

The City has the ability to influence the speed, quality and technological evolution of infrastructure designed to enhance and accommodate broadband services throughout the City. The success of 5G, CBRS, Smart City and Connected Vehicles are all-dependent upon the coexistence of current and emerging small cell technology, which must utilize existing and new infrastructure in the City's public right-ofway.

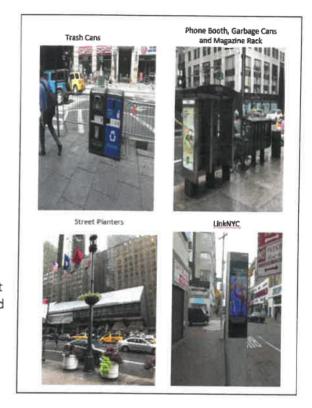


Figure 6

The City's approval of the Optimal Configurations outlined by CCNGE is crucial to ensure that the City's constituents have immediate access to advancements in technology, including enhanced 4G and new frequency bands and corresponding equipment developments designed to accommodate the lower, millimeter wave (28-39 GHz) frequencies that support 5G. The current City-approved equipment dimensions under the existing franchise are simply too restrictive to take advantage of technology and allow necessary enhancement and evolution of broadband services as contemplated by the City's administration. The City's openness and flexibility with regard to approval of Optimal Configurations will reduce the risk that the City will be left without the necessary infrastructure to support the emerging technologies reflected in Figure 7 below.

Historically, the wireless industry has been focused on the deployment of a single frequency band. Given consumer and business demand, this has radically changed. Carriers are rapidly investing in their networks to accelerate growth that cannot be achieved under the existing City Approved Equipment configuration. The City, together with neutral host providers, is urged to leverage all available and necessary frequencies and associated frequency bands to deploy not just the technologies of the present but of the future. This necessitates the need for more equipment boxes at the current Approved configuration or larger equipment with the associated requirement of multiple ports per band, which is an impossibility with the City approved whip antenna approved for deployment today.

We believe that if the City sticks to its current form factors ("Approved Equipment Configuration"), they are essentially giving up any dream of 5G or even enhanced 4G. More shroud space and having canister antennas to take advantage of and maximize sub 6 GHz frequencies works as an interim or short term solution, but does not



address the new Millimeter Wave ("MM Wave") form factor which requires the equipment form factor shown in Exhibit D titled "Small Cell Volume Discussion".

CCNGE recognizes that this optimal solution is a phased approach and one that may enable larger equipment to be deployed before smaller equipment may replace the larger configurations. CCNGE is uniquely positioned to work with the City as a partner to optimize the near-and-long-term technological needs and advancements as the most experienced neutral host company with fiber capacity, which can also suit the needs of the City.

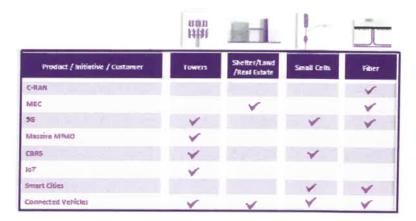


Figure 7

In short, CCNGE seeks a long-term partnership with the City, which advances the City's position and competitive marketplace with regard to the deployment of next generation technologies. In addition to or in combination with Options 1, 2 and 3 above, this involves but is not limited to the following:

- Replacing any City pole with a Smart Pole design (approved by the City) that can accommodate a minimum
 of 4-wireless carriers and City infrastructure at no cost to the City. Poles would be reserve engineered to
 accommodate all users of said pole.
- Place street furniture encompassing equipment cabinet/shroud contents near any existing pole not replaced
 with a Smart Pole design and/or allow the equipment cabinet/shroud configuration depicted in Exhibit C
 and/or D including proposed antennas, which can support a minimum of four providers in a single pole
 attachment plus the City's technologies.

REQUIREMENT

Services Provided. The services to be provided by such equipment and facilities, including the extent to which such equipment and facilities will be capable of serving multiple telecommunications providers.

RESPONSE

CCNGE's infrastructure is used by wireless carriers to provide telecommunications services. In many cases, CCNGE owns the fiber that transports the carrier's voice and data traffic from the antennas to a central location and out to the public switched telephone network or the Internet. Optimal equipment space and configurations will enable



more technologies to be deployed and critical technologies that will benefit the health, safety and welfare of City residents and visitors such as:

- 1. Safety Platforms
- 2. Education Platform
- 3. Smart City Technologies
- 4. Health Applications
- 5. Wirelessly enabled IoT technologies
- 6. And more...

REQUIREMENT

Method(s) of Installation. The proposer's method(s) of installation of such facilities and equipment (including, materials required by clause (i) a description of the mounting procedures and techniques to be used to attach the facilities and equipment to the poles and a description of any connecting facilities proposed to be used as described

RESPONSE

The following scope of work reflects a typical method of installation of the proposed facilities. This scope is not intended to apply to non-standard or unique situations that may arise during construction and are considered to be outside of the typical scope.

- Install shroud/enclosure at proposed height on pole.
 - For Wood Poles
 - The shroud, meter and cut off breakers are unitized onto a common backplane referred to as a skid.
 - The skid is bolted through the pole.
 - o For Metal Street Lights
 - Metal banding straps are used and run through the shroud bracket around the pole and locked in place with buckles.
 - The bracket is bolted to the back of the shrouds.
- Run coaxial and ground wire up pole to designed to the Antenna's enter
 - For wood poles:
 - Cable is run inside a protective conduit or shield on the outside of the pole.
 - For metal street lights, a 2" hole is drilled into the pole to run cable inside and up to the antenna.
- Install Antenna at proposed height on pole.
 - o For Wood Poles
 - Antennas can be mounted at the top using a pole top mount, which is banded around the pole and bolted through the pole.
 - Antennas can be mounted on the face of the pole (Comm-zone) using a standoff mount, which is also banded and through bolted on the pole.
 - For metal street lights



NYC REP

- A pole top mounting bracket is placed at the top of the pole and is fastened using set bolts. These bolts are tightened equally around the top of the pole.
- The antenna is then bolted to the top of the mounting bracket.
- Terminate cable ends
 - Coaxial and ground cables are terminated to dress nicely to antenna at the top and radio within the shroud.
- Installation of radios within the shroud
 - Radios are mounted to customized brackets within the shroud.
- Power Installation
 - Overhead Power
 - Power cable run along messenger strands from one utility pole to the next, terminating at the proposed node location. Power cables are run from the node within the conduit up to a weatherhead where the utility makes the connection to their power system.
 - Underground Power
 - Power cable run in conduit as per electrical codes, to proposed node location.
 - Power Requirements
 - Power requirements for overhead and underground are typically from the facility point.
 - For Metal Street Lights:



- Fiber Installation
 - Overhead Fiber
 - Fiber run along messenger strands from one utility pole to the next, terminating at the proposed node location.
 - o Underground Fiber
 - Fiber run underground using common trenching in conduit or micro trenching, terminating at the proposed node location.

REQUIREMENT

Maintenance & Repair. List the proposer's plans for maintenance and repair, and/or removal of such facilities and equipment, including, in particular, the proposers plan to ensure that all construction will be performed and completed in full compliance with the City's standards and specifications.



RESPONSE

CCNGE and its contractors and vendors, shall comply with all local, state and federal laws and standards that apply to the proposed use in the public right of way. This includes but is not limited to, the 2016 DoITT Handbook, Standard Highway Specifications Volumes I and II issued by the City of New York Department of Transportation (November 1, 2010) or any current versions of the above documents.

In order to maintain the high standard that is expected from our teams, CCNGE will ensure that:

- Our work will be performed in a first class, competent manner in conformity with the customary standards applicable to such work in the public rights of way.
- All companies and persons performing work on behalf of CCNGE are technically, financially, and legally
 ready, willing and able to perform the work and are familiar with and knowledgeable of applicable
 governmental requirements, industry standards and the operation of wireless telecommunications facilities
 to the extent necessary to carry out their duties in a professional, complete and competent manner.
- A thorough vetting process is completed to ensure that personnel and contractors have the requisite
 personnel, competence, skill, physical resources, and any required professional qualifications to perform
 the work and that it has and shall maintain the capability, experience, training, registrations, licenses,
 permits and governmental approvals required to perform the work.

CCNGE further assures that all construction will be performed and completed in full compliance with applicable local, state and federal standards. This includes the FCC's radio frequency energy exposure limits, standards, and signage requirements.

Examples of documents that demonstrate that the radio frequency energy exposure from existing and proposed facilities will not exceed the maximum permitted levels established by the FCC can be found in Exhibit E.

Operations Approach

CCNGE, through its parent Crown Castle International Corp ("Crown Castle"), provides operations support for all of our small cells/networks through real-time network monitoring and maintenance at no cost to the customer. Three primary operations roles support the small cell network:

- Network Monitoring—CCNGE, through its parent Crown Castle, operates a full-scale carrier grade
 Network Operations Center ("NOC") 7/24/365 days that monitors the small cell network status. This
 center has all the necessary backup and recovery procedures, along with a highly qualified in-house
 staff.
 - The NOC staff also provides first and second level troubleshooting which includes verification of commercial power availability, checking and resolving issues with network monitoring circuits and resetting of hub and node small cell equipment if necessary.
- Network Operations—The small cell Operations Manager supports third level troubleshooting, creation
 of uptime reports, tracking of RMA (Return Material Authorization) status, developing, and updating
 NOC troubleshooting procedures. The small cell Operations Manager is also responsible for keeping the
 City and wireless carrier contact information current and performing any required software upgrades of
 the small cell equipment.



Network Maintenance—Field Technicians respond to network outages and perform periodic
maintenance on the small equipment. They test and replace coaxial cable and fiber optic cable, inspect,
troubleshoot and replace small cell hardware, and test and repair electrical systems, including battery
backup units.

Details of the Crown Castle NOC Monitoring Services and the response times to address emergencies and services failures are outlined below.

CCNGE understands the critical need to respond to and resolve emergencies and service failures. Our resources will be available to respond to outages on a 24x7x365 basis in order to resolve issues as soon as possible. Response times are shown in the second chart on the next page.

Given, the reliance on wireless as either the primary or only means of communication by the majority of City residents and visitors, CCNGE respectfully requests that the City take the official position with Con Edison that any pole with critical communications infrastructure attached, including but not limited to, small cells, NYPD, FDNY, autonomous vehicle equipment, shall receive priority power restoration for the benefit of all New Yorkers. Con Edison has expressed their willingness to do this should the City make the request.



Figure 8



Figure 9

^{**}Note that minor non-service impacting notifications are only dispatched during business hours.



^{*}After verification of alarm and generation of trouble ticket by NOC

In the escalation table below, NOC staff and supervisors perform first and second level troubleshooting and operations engineers conduct third level troubleshooting.



Figure 10

REQUIREMENT

Maintaining City Property. Proposers plans for maintaining City property in good conditions during the term of the franchise.

RESPONSE

CCNGE will ensure all work is completed in accordance with DoITT, DOT and City design and building standards including but not limited to the DOT Highway Standards. CCNGE will work with DoITT, DOT and any other City agencies required to ensure that the pole, its foundation, any additional attachments on the pole are protected and not disrupted during any installation and/or removal by CCNGE. Should there ever be a problem that is the result of any work performed on behalf of CCNGE, CCNGE shall correct/repair such problem to the satisfaction of the DOT upon inspection and post-inspection.

In addition, CCNGE performs a thorough multi-point annual inspection and will dispatch a qualified technician to any location where there is an alarm for a visual inspection and/or required maintenance or repair. The multi-point annual inspection checklist is included in Exhibit F.

On at least an annual basis, CCNGE will perform the following scheduled maintenance:

Inspect equipment status lights, air filters, AC & DC power cables, fiber connector, RF cables, splitter, antenna, and perform battery inspection and maintenance, ensure all mounting brackets are secure and inspect for external hazards to the site, such as loose structures near antennas, leaning pole, bare cables, etc. Any issues or problems are to be escalated to the appropriate parties, internal or external to CCNGE and managed through to resolution;

REQUIREMENT

Deployment Timeframe. The time period during which the proposer anticipates installing the franchise facilities and, to the extent the proposer's system generally is not yet operational in the City, an anticipated time line for such system to become operational in the City.



RESPONSE

For new reservations, the desired timeframe to NTP granted is 90-120 days.

REQUIREMENT

Materials. The material contemplated in subsection (a)(2) of Section 5 above;

RESPONSE

The materials utilized for deployment consist of but are not limited to the following:

- Fiber
 - Singlemode Fiber
 - Typical (6) strands per node
- Shroud
 - Metal Shrouds
 - o Plastic Shrouds
 - o Fiberglass Shrouds
- Antennas
 - Square panel antennas
 - Omni directional whip antennas
 - Smaller Typical 2" -3" diameter. 4 feet in height
 - Omni directional canister antennas
 - Large Typical 24" diameter. 4 feet in height
 - Installed on MSL's, wood utility poles and custom poles
- Coax Cables
 - ¼" diameter cable can be used on metal street-lights to save space within pole at a shorter distance to antenna.
 - Typical ½" cable is run as a hardline to the antennas
- Power Cable/Line
 - o DC power Cable to power radios
- Hub Equipment
 - o Switches
 - o Routers
 - Fiber patch panels
 - o Coax jumpers between Hub cabinets
 - o Fiber jumpers between switches

REQUIREMENT

Agreement of Termination of Existing Franchise Statement. Existing Franchisees who obtain a franchise under the terms of this RFP must agree to the termination of their existing franchise(s). A statement acknowledging such agreement must be included in this proposal.

RESPONSE

CCNGE acknowledges and agrees that the granting of a new franchise under this RFP shall terminate the existing franchise that CCNGE holds, even if the term of the original franchise has not yet expired. Nothing in this submission shall be construed as a waiver of any of the rights, privileges and remedies conferred upon CCNGE under current or future local, state or federal law or any controlling authority.

2. Legal and Managerial Proposal

REQUIREMENT

Indicate the extent the proposer has secured any necessary authorizations, approvals, licenses and/or permits required to undertake the activities proposed and an acknowledgement that the proposer will not undertake such activities unless and until such authorizations, approvals, licenses and/or permits are obtained (for any system and/or equipment that requires FCC licensing, the proposer must confirm in its proposal that such system and/or equipment is, or will be prior to installation, fully licensed by the FCC

RESPONSE

As a current franchise holder, CCNGE is familiar with all Federal, State and City requirements necessary to deploy the contemplated equipment in the City Right of Way. As it has historically done, CCNGE will obtain all necessary approvals prior to deployment.

CCNGE provides telecommunications services. Specifically, it carriers voice and data traffic handed off to it by its customers, who are usually, but not exclusively, wireless service providers. It carries such traffic through Crown Castle's fiber optic lines from antennas located on utility poles in the ROW to a central location, commonly referred to as a "hub", and from there, either back to another remote location or out to the public switched telephone network or Internet. CCNGE shall confirm that its wireless service provider customers maintain all necessary licenses—FCC or otherwise—required by State or Federal law.

REQUIREMENT

Describes the managerial experience and capabilities of the proposer;



RESPONSE

Who is CCNGE?

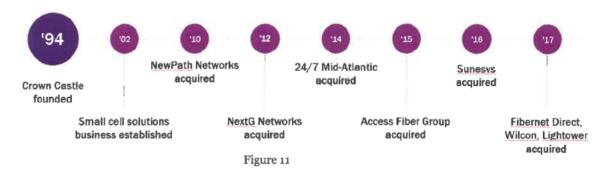
Crown Castle together with its subsidiaries is a customer-focused, neutral host organization that builds and maintains shared broadband infrastructure to support all broadband delivery technologies. Our comprehensive portfolio of towers, small cells, site access, and fiber provides fixed and wireless access to essential data, technology, and services, for people and communities. Our extensive network infrastructure and deep experience in operating as a neutral host opens the door to countless opportunities and possibilities to expand broadband services.

Crown Castle owns and operates approximately 40,000 cell towers and 60,000 route miles of fiber supporting small cells and fiber solutions across every major US market. This nationwide portfolio of communications infrastructure connects cities and communities to essential data, technology and wireless service – bringing information, ideas and innovations to the people and businesses that need them. We have over 15 years of experience building small cell solutions networks in over 500 municipalities around the country and currently have more than 60,000 small cell nodes on air or under contract.

Company Background:

Crown Castle has been in the business of owning and operating network assets for over 20 years. We recently strengthened that commitment with the acquisition of eight regional fiber providers, including Sunesys, Fibernet Direct, Wilcon and Lightower.

In addition to a larger footprint and expanded solutions, our combined team now brings years of valuable experience and expertise to our fiber customers.



The demand for DAS is growing rapidly, and CCNGE has the expertise, strength and long-term commitment to support its continued growth. Crown Castle is a customer-focused organization with an in-market presence supported by more than 100 regional offices across the U.S. Each regional office is led by a district manager who has complete responsibility for their assets. The district manager is supported by a district team, which includes project managers, construction managers, project coordinators, property specialists, tower structural analysts and account executives. Their roles are to properly manage the assets, and support and/or manage customer installations ensuring projects are completed on time and within budget. In addition, they ensure that our sites continue to offer industry leading co-location opportunities. This in-market presence has allowed our teams to develop long-standing relationships with local jurisdictions and customers. In addition, these relationships and our in-market knowledge have led to reduce the installation time of wireless carriers on our towers and DAS networks.



The areas provide complete staff support including: service delivery, finance, property, regulatory, licensing, legal, engineering and field operations personnel. This staff provides additional support to our districts in the daily operation of our tower assets and support of our customer application process. Area offices are supported by the organization's headquarters in Pittsburgh and Houston.



Figure 12

Network Operations Center Services

We maintain and manage an extensive database of approved contractors throughout the country that provide services such as site acquisition, construction, construction management, engineering, and drive testing. We are serious about our customer relations, and monitor our customers' sentiment by sending out an in-depth customer survey on a quarterly basis.

Our infrastructure connects people to essential data, technology and wireless service—and transforms everything around us.

- People: We connect people to the devices, apps, and data they rely on to communicate, stay informed, and
 live their lives to the fullest.
- Communities: We provide connections that improve safety and efficiency and make communities better
 places to live. We give police officers, firefighters, and EMTs secure access to the information they need to
 react quickly to emergencies. We help deploy exciting new technologies that build smarter communities and
 create new opportunities for cities and technology companies alike.
- Businesses and organizations: We make sure businesses and other large organizations have secure access
 to the essential data and applications they need to embrace new technologies and stay ahead. Our fast,
 secure fiber networks support new learning technologies in schools and promote groundbreaking research
 in higher education. We give stadiums, convention centers, amusement parks, and other venues the
 wireless coverage and capacity to accommodate large crowds.

Crown Castle, through various subsidiaries, provides wireless carriers with the infrastructure they need to keep people connected and businesses running. With its portfolio of towers and small cell nodes supported by fiber, Crown Castle is the nation's largest provider of shared wireless infrastructure with a significant presence in the top



100 US markets with a total enterprise value of over \$62 billion dollars. Crown Castle's diverse network infrastructure portfolio, coupled with more than 49 offices strategically located across the U.S. and with more than 5,000 employees, provides Crown Castle intimate local knowledge of each of its assets



Figure 13

Strength and Stability

Crown Castle is an S&P 500 company listed on the NYSE, and has established itself as a REIT (real estate investment trust).

Key Financial Information about Crown Castle:

- A "Fortune 1000" company
- Traded on the New York Stock Exchange (Ticker Symbol: CCI)
- Total revenue of more than \$3.5 billion
- Total enterprise value of more than \$44 billion

Crown Castle is publicly traded and subject to Sections 13 and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Annual reports on Form 10-K can be found under the investors section at www.crowncastle.com. The 2017 Annual Report is included in Exhibit F.



NYC REP

Crown Castle has over 20 Professional and NCAA Division 1 Sports Venues on-air, under construction or under contract. Our DAS networks have supported such diverse events such as the NFL's Big Game in 2008, Fiesta Bowls, BCS Championship games, Mardi Gras Celebrations, and the 2012 NBA All-star game. In addition, CCNGE has a network on-air at the University of Phoenix Stadium in Glendale, AZ, site of the 2015 NFL's Big Game.

By designing, developing, and operating cost-effective fiber-fed DAS networks, CCNGE helps clients improve signal strength and network capacity and coverage. Specializing in indoor and outdoor DAS solutions for the private and public sector, we offer industry-leading expertise across a variety of markets including:

- Colleges and universities;
- Venues, including stadiums, arenas and theme parks;
- Hotels, resorts, casinos;
- Densely populated urban areas;
- Public Right-of-Ways

REQUIREMENT

Describes whether the facilities proposer proposes to install on City poles will be serving one or multiple telecommunications service providers.

RESPONSE

Our networks employ a neutral host model, which means that multiple carriers can share the same infrastructure. A neutral host network establishes a single economical platform and integrates all providers who seek to conduct consumer-based business and provide wireless broadband or fiber services to the served locations. Once a neutral host network point is established, it becomes available to share with all providers who wish to deliver consumer based broadband services.

As the largest and most established neutral host provider nationwide, Crown Castle has the experience and resources to provide broadband platforms to all market entrants servicing the residents, businesses, and government institutions of New York. As a current neutral host partner in New York, Crown Castle and its affiliates have built and maintained infrastructure that directly and indirectly supports consumers of broadband technology across all five boroughs. Crown Castle's City presence is substantial, local and involved.

The existing Approved Equipment (Exhibit A) may have met network demand when the original franchise was granted in 2007. Over a decade later, a new landscape has been shaped with the increase in wireless use not only for voice but also for data and the technologies that rely on data – including Smart City technologies, IoT, consumer, business and municipal demand.



Mobile use accounts for over 70% of internet use worldwide. That number will continue to grow according to Zenith Media (see article and figure to the right)³. CCNGE's commitment to building and maintaining infrastructure to support this future mobile demand can be leveraged in New York.

CCNGE Organizational Chart and Points of Contact:

The below organizational chart reflects the names and titles of the executive and senior leadership and local points of contact responsible for operating the proposer's system.

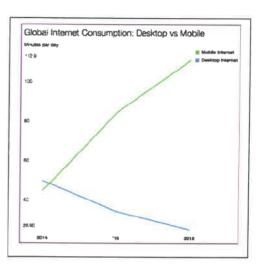


Figure 14

Jay Brown President & CEO

Robert Ackerman SVP & COO Cathy Pichet East Area President Lewis Kessler East VP General Manager

Amir Abtahi Implementation Director Rory Whelan Government Relations Director

Herb Drake Operations Director Betti Danti Finance Director Beryl Oremland Human Relations Director

CCNGE or its subsidiaries has a local presence in the City with its Northeast Regional office in Whitestone, Queens employing over 250 employees in the City. In addition, CCNGE relies on over 1000+ vendor partners in New York State, which provides jobs to New York based companies many of which are City companies. The local team who handle the day-to-day operations are as follows:

Hanafi Bradai Radio Frequency Manager Scott Debow Operations Manager Eli Elbaum Government Relations Counsel

Morten Jespersen District Manager Esme Lombard Government Relations Manager

³ Zenith Media Article: "Mobile Expands its Global Share of Internet Use" (October 16, 2017). Link: https://www.warc.com/newsandopinion/news/mobile expands its global share of internet use/39441



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REQUIREMENT

Financial Capacity Proposal

RESPONSE

Key financial information about Crown Castle:

- Founded in 1994
- Member of the Standard and Poor's 500 Index
- A "Fortune 1000" company
- Total revenue of more than \$3.5 billion (full year 2017 Outlook)
- Total enterprise value of more than \$50 billion (As of 2/15/17)

A copy of the annual reports on Form 10K can be found on the investor's page at <u>www.crowncastle.com</u> and attached in Exhibit F.

4. Scope Proposal

REQUIREMENT

A statement as to which of the three zone options (A and/or B and/or C).

RESPONSE

Crown Castle seeks a franchise that will include Zones A, B and C.

5. Compensation Proposal

The contents of the Compensation Proposal are contained in the attached Confidential and Proprietary "Proprietary Information" attachment.



Exhibit A:

Proposal: Current DoITT Approved Configuration for Zones A,B & C

Exhibit A: Proposal - Current DoITT Approved Configuration for Zones A,B & C

FS Style Pole – Sample Drawing

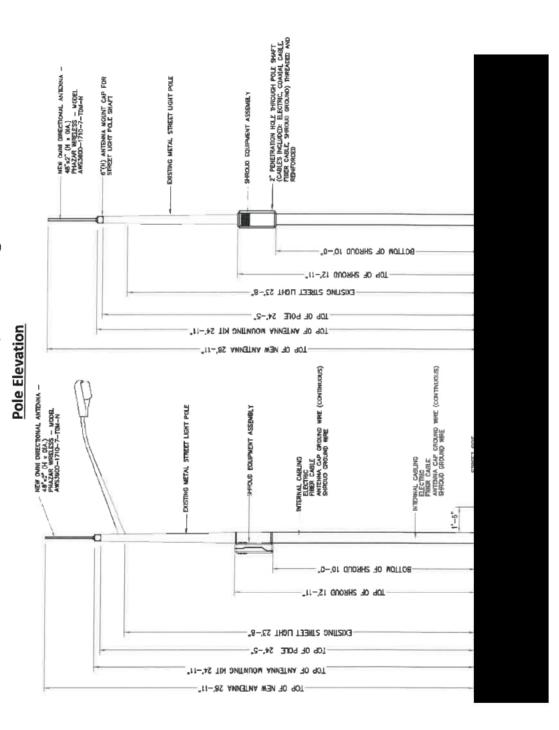


Exhibit A: Proposal - Current DoITT Approved Configuration for Zones A,B & C

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FS Style Pole – Sample Drawing

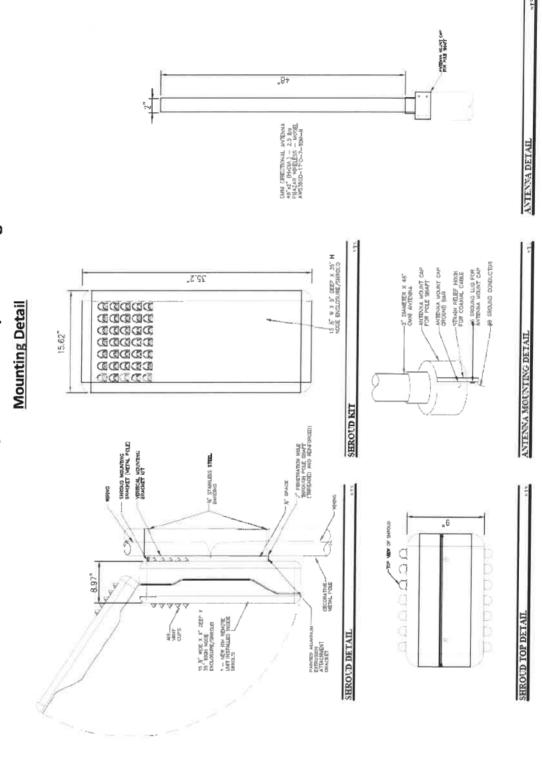


Exhibit A: Proposal - Current DoITT Approved Configuration for Zones A,B & C

M2 Style Pole – Sample Drawing

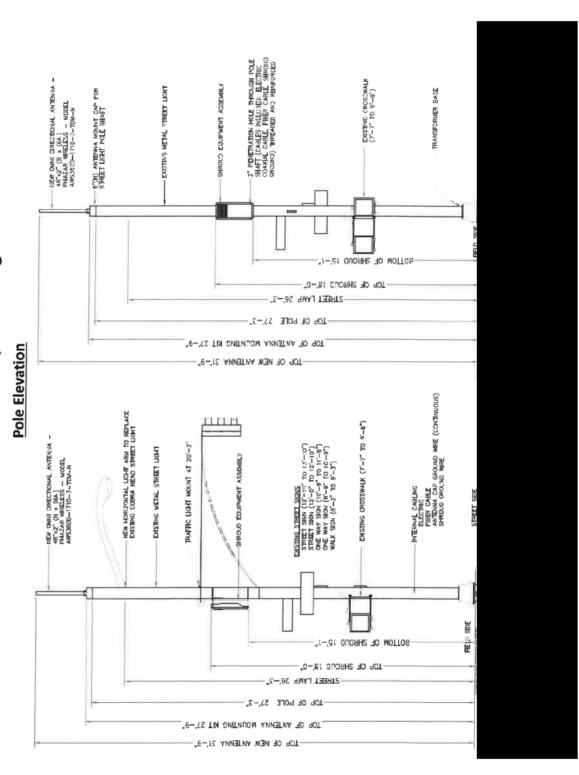


Exhibit A: Proposal - Current DoITT Approved Configuration for Zones A,B & C

M2 Style Pole – Sample Drawing

Mounting Detail

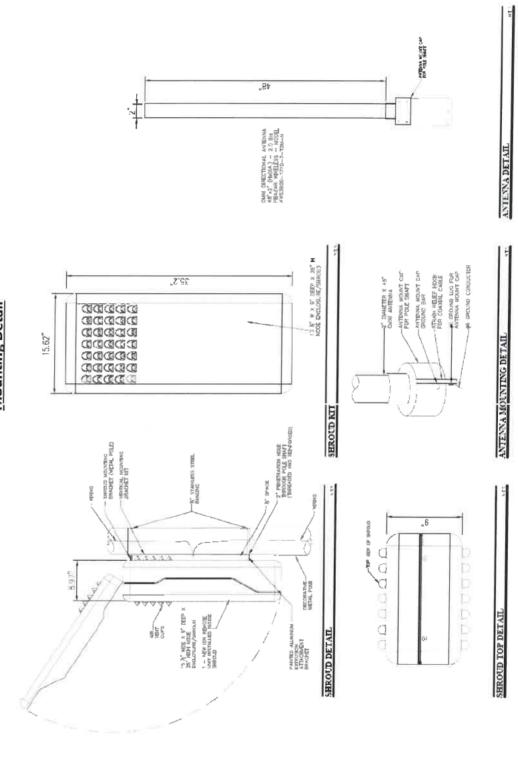


Exhibit B-1:
Pole Attachment Utility Approved
Specification for Zones B & C

Pole Attachment Utility Approved Specification for Zones B & C Pole Top Installation on Utility Pole using ConEd Approved Specifications Exhibit B-1:

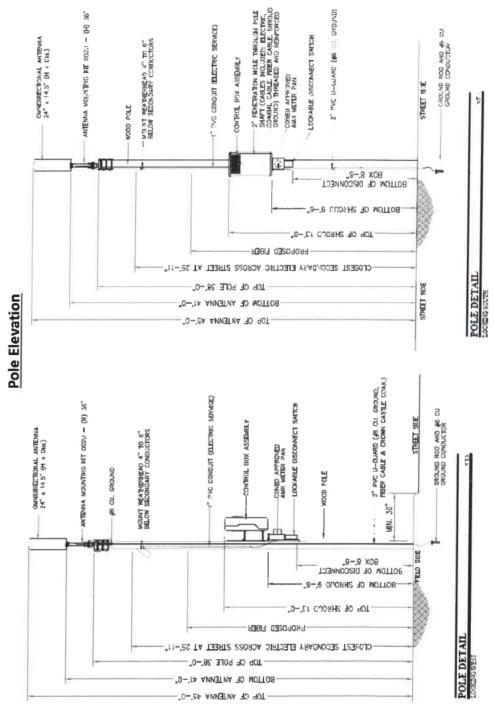


Exhibit B-1:

Pole Attachment Utility Approved Specification for Zones B & C Pole Top Installation on Utility Pole using ConEd Approved Specifications

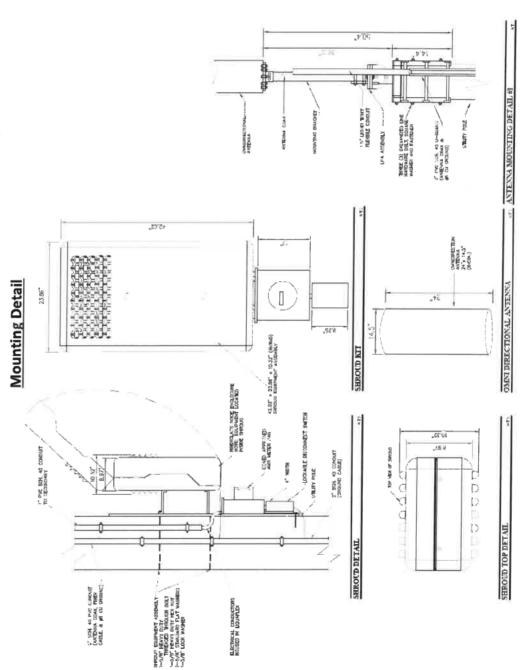


Exhibit B-1:

Pole Attachment Utility Approved Specification for Zones B & C Pole Top Installation on Utility Pole using ConEd Approved Specifications

Photo Simulations



Current DoITT Approved Spec



Current ConEd Approved Spec

Comm Zone Installation on Utility Pole using ConEd Approved Specifications Pole Attachment Utility Approved Specification for Zones B & C Exhibit B-1:

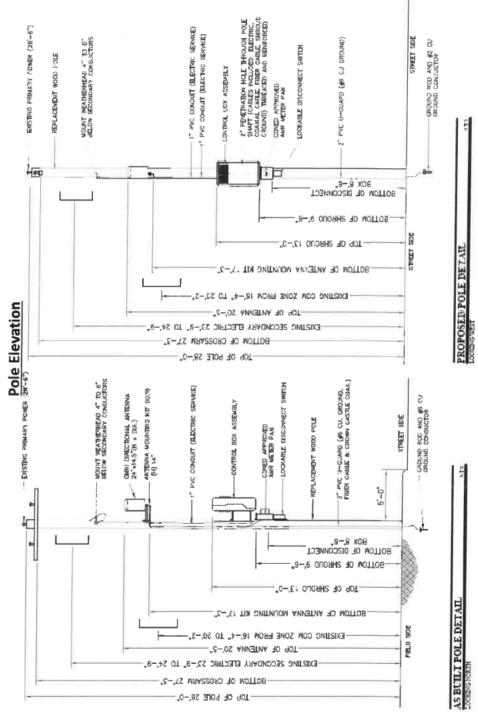


Exhibit B-1:

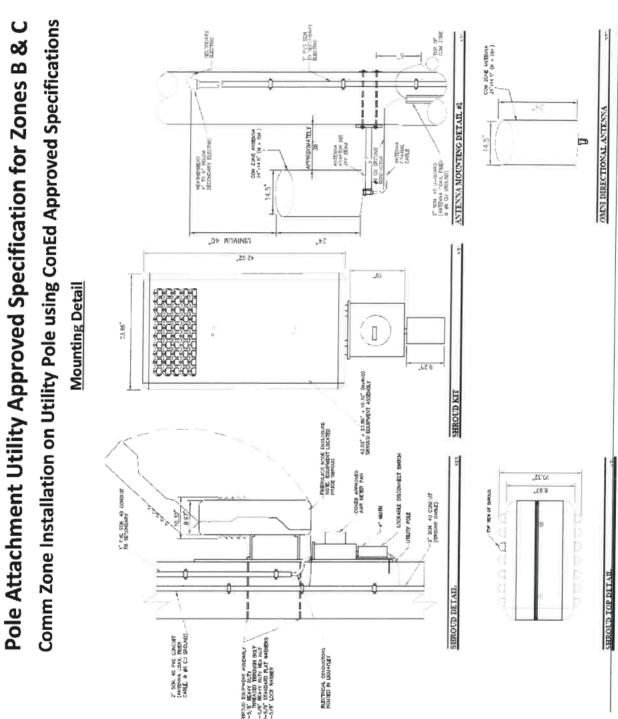


Exhibit B-1:

Pole Attachment Utility Approved Specification for Zones B & C

Comm Zone Installation on Utility Pole using ConEd Approved Specifications

Current DoITT Approved Spec

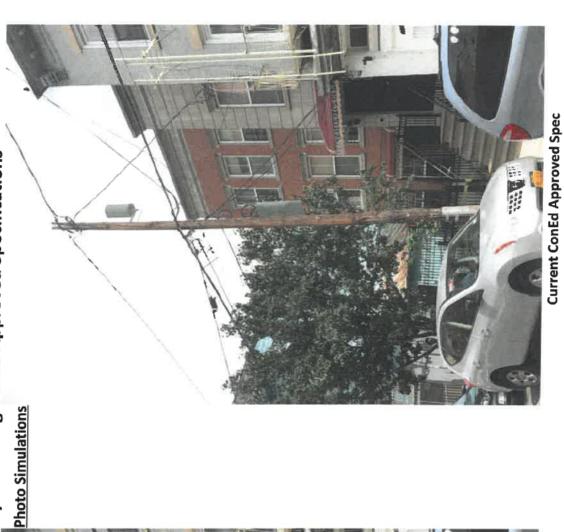


Exhibit B-2: Strand Mount Utility Approved Specifications for Zones B & C

- Exhibit B-2 #1 Two Radios Strand Mounted without Power Supply
- Exhibit B-2 #2 Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated SE41 Power Supply
- Exhibit B-2 #3 SE41 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole
- Exhibit B-2 #4 Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated TE33 Power Supply
- Exhibit B-2 #5 TE33 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole

Two Radios Strand Mounted without Power Supply - Exhibit B-2 #1

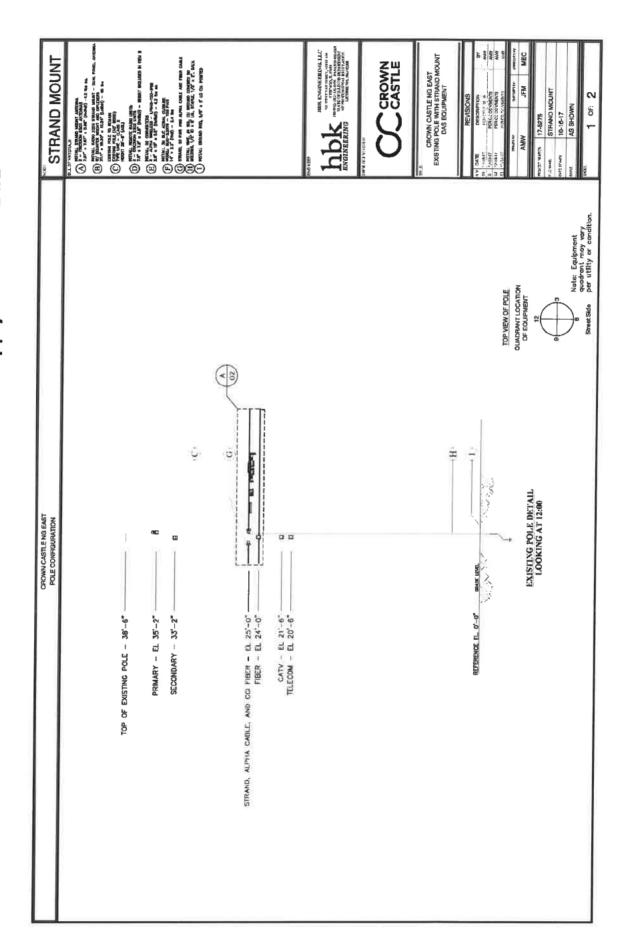
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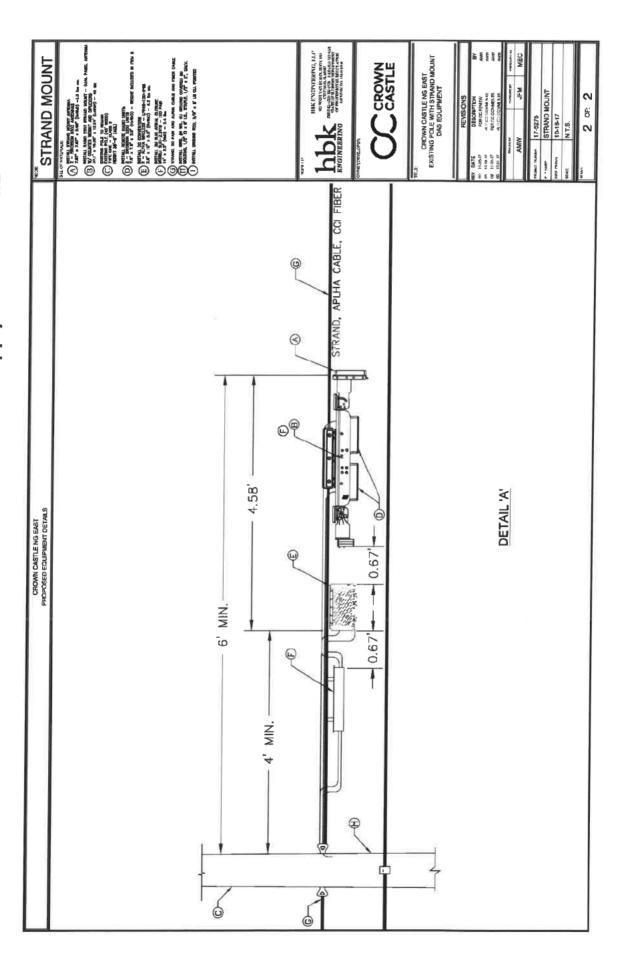
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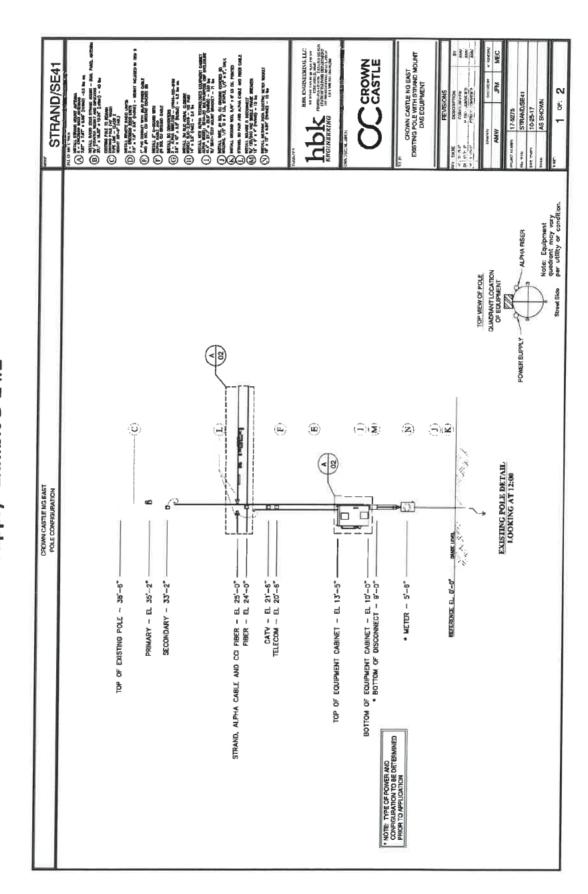
Two Radios Strand Mounted without Power Supply - Exhibit B-2 #1



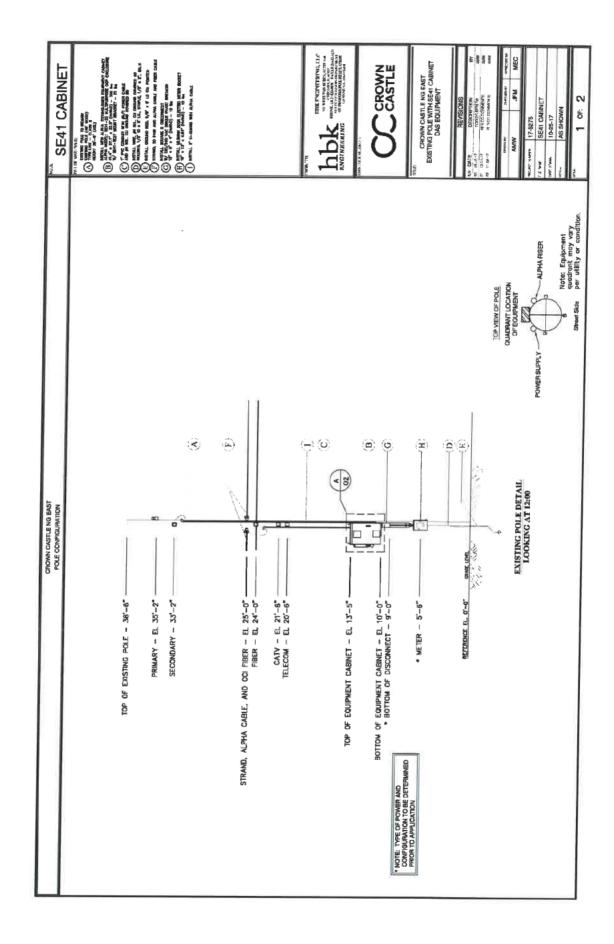
Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated SE41 Power Supply- Exhibit B-2 #2

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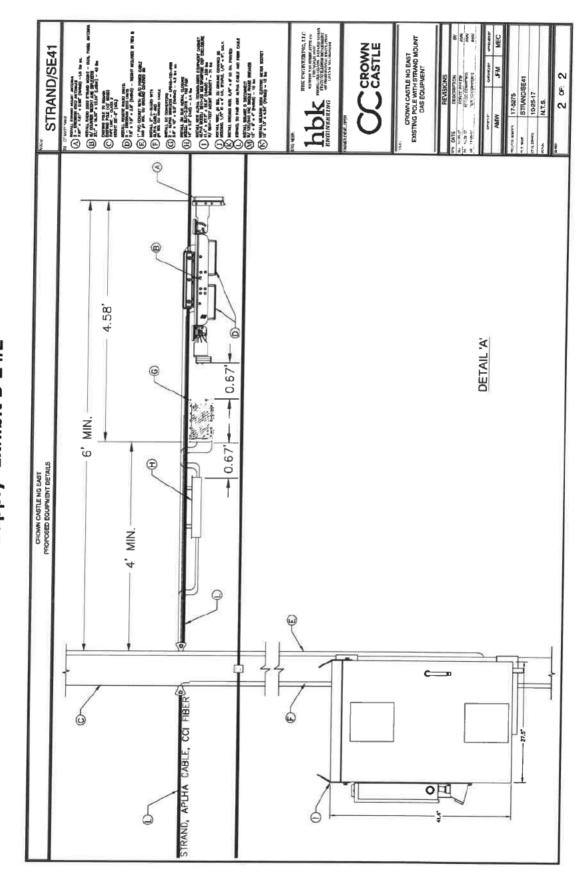
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SE41 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole - Exhibit B-2 #3



Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated SE41 Power Supply- Exhibit B-2 #2

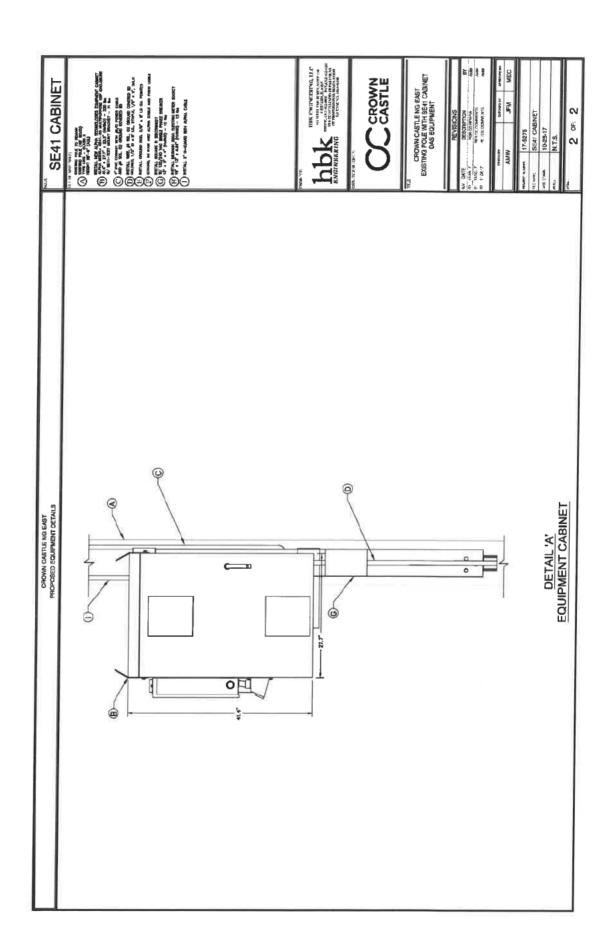


SE41 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole - Exhibit B-2 #3

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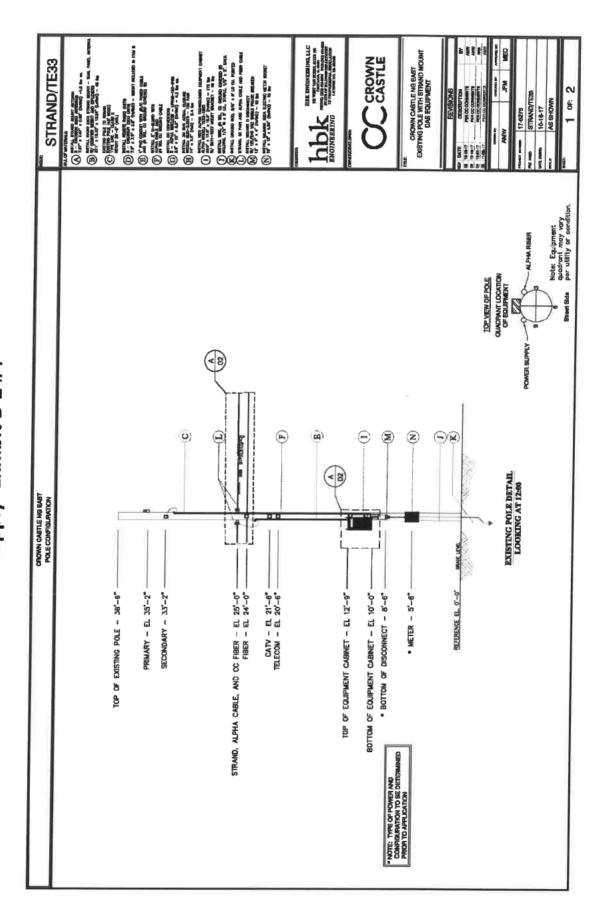


Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated TE33 Power Supply- Exhibit B-2 #4

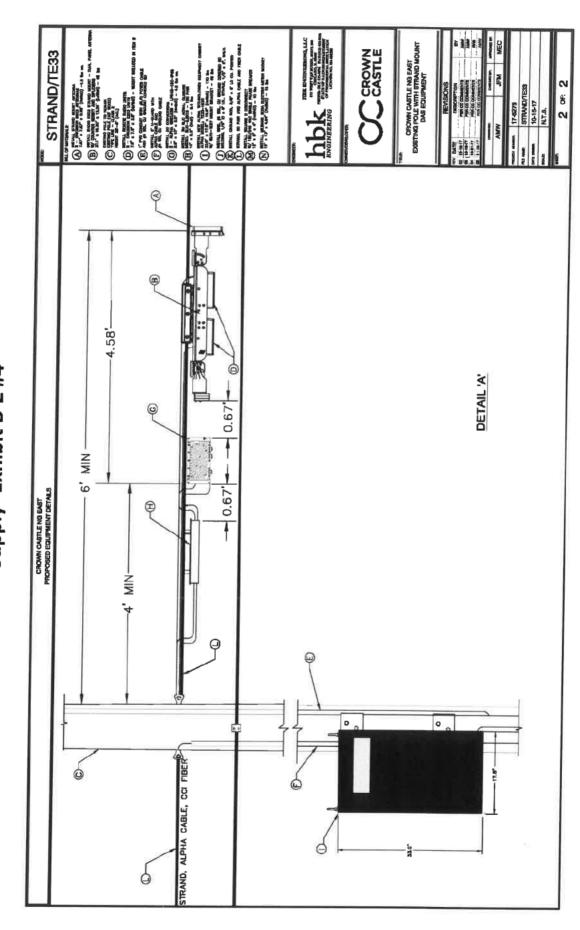
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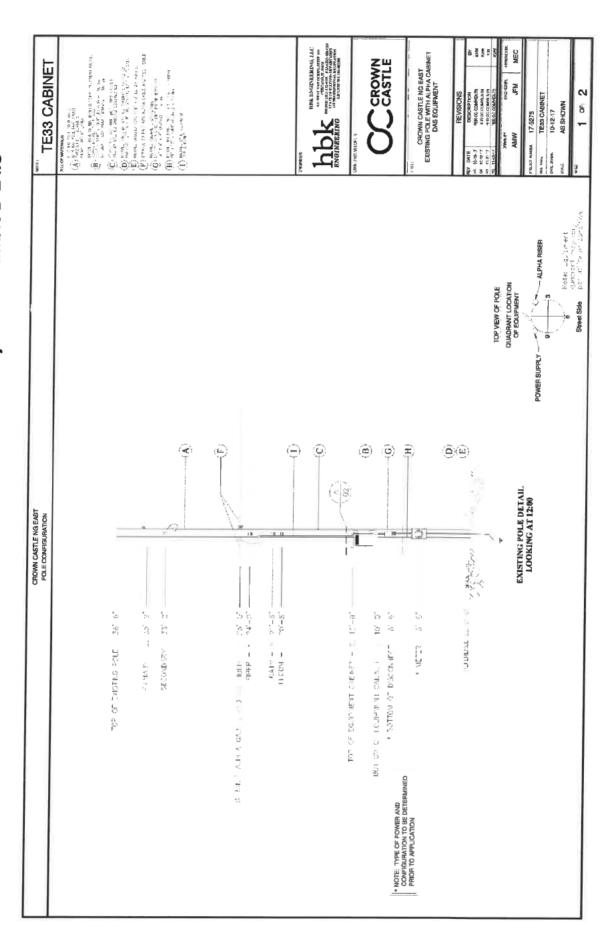


Two Radio Strand Mounted Solution with Associated TE33 Power Supply- Exhibit B-2 #4



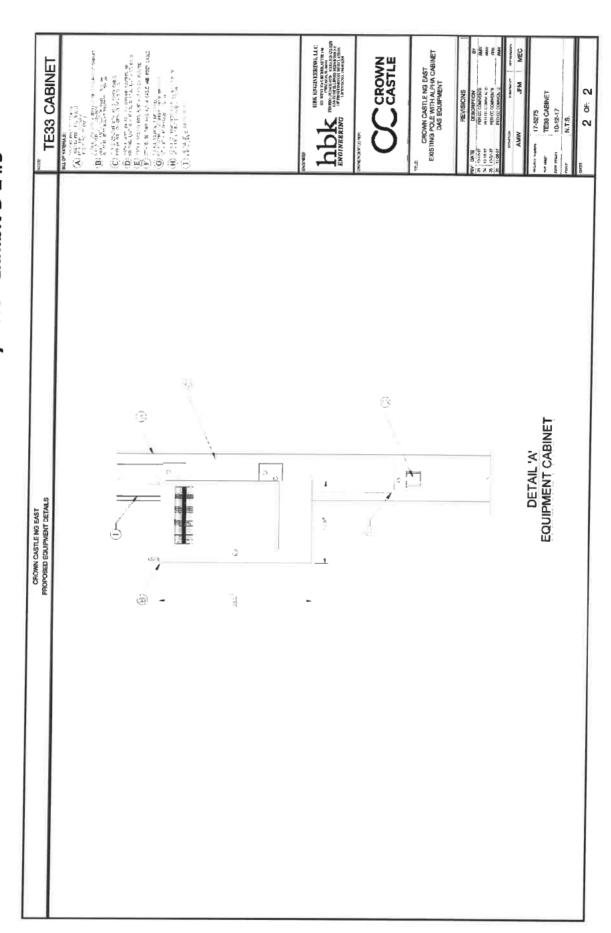
TE33 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole - Exhibit B-2 #5

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TE33 Power Supply Cabinet Mounted on a Utility Pole - Exhibit B-2 #5

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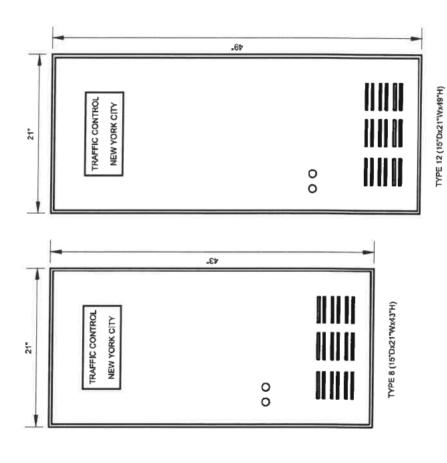


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Exhibit C:
City Approved DOT Control Box
Specification Zone A, B & C

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification for Zones A, B & C **Exhibit C:**

This exhibit will show drawings and simulations using Type 8 and Type 12 DOT Control Boxes



Current DOT Control Boxes Approved Spec

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification for Zones A, B & C Exhibit C: Antenna Option #1

Current Max DoTT Specification is 48" H x 2" D 75" H x 2" D

Mazar Antenna Corp.

- 1710 2155 MHz Omni-Directional Antenna Dual Antenna for DAS or LTE Applications
 - Frequency coverage for entire AWS band

Model AWS360D-1710-7-T0-D

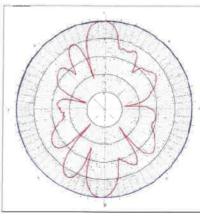
ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

2 and 4" (T2 and T4 for Part Number) Variosi 200 Vatts 50 shms 16 4- 1* (nominal) 1,719/21:55 MPb 1,711 V SW FINDS 2 X 7 084 野田学 HOLDING SEB BOSTAGER Input Impedance Vertical -3dB Beamwidth Potartzation Maximum Power Input Electrical Downtilt Frequency Range Passive Internod Forward Gain Azimuth Ripple

MECHANICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS -150 dBc Dimension and Waght Color Wind Survival

Sible mount; clamps provided 49 inches x 2.0 inch O.D. / 4 (bs. 1.82 kg) White Standard (Color Options Available) 120 mph. Direct Ground Type DIN 7/16 (Two connectors)

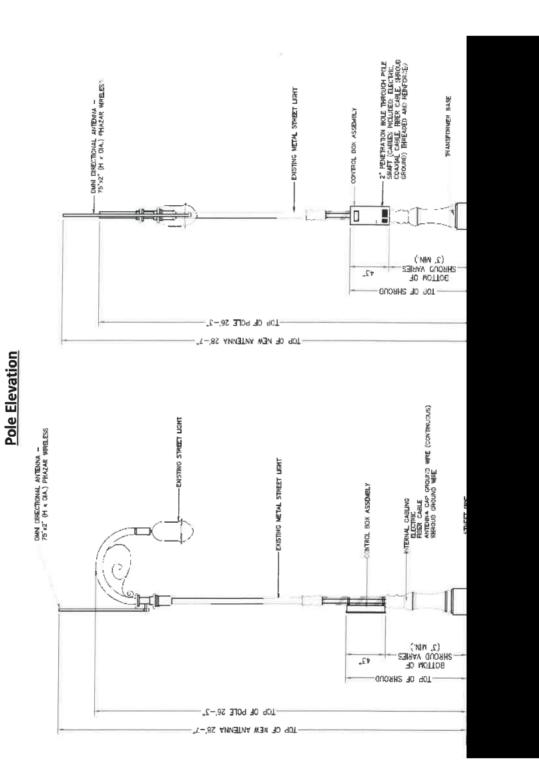
Lightning Protection



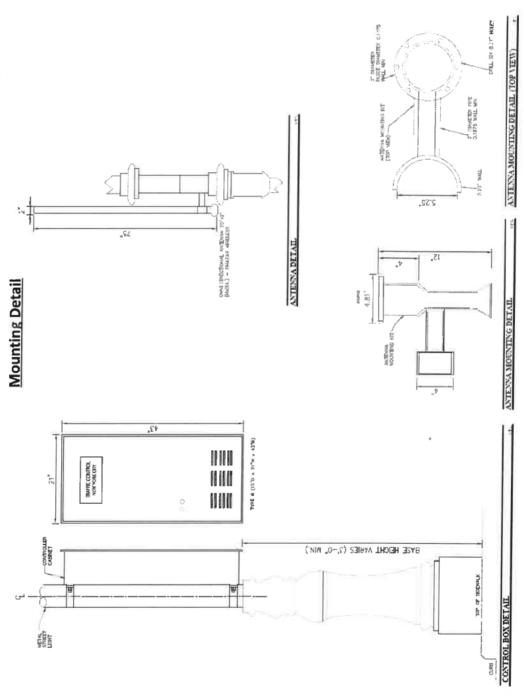
Proposed Spec

Current DoITT Approved Spec

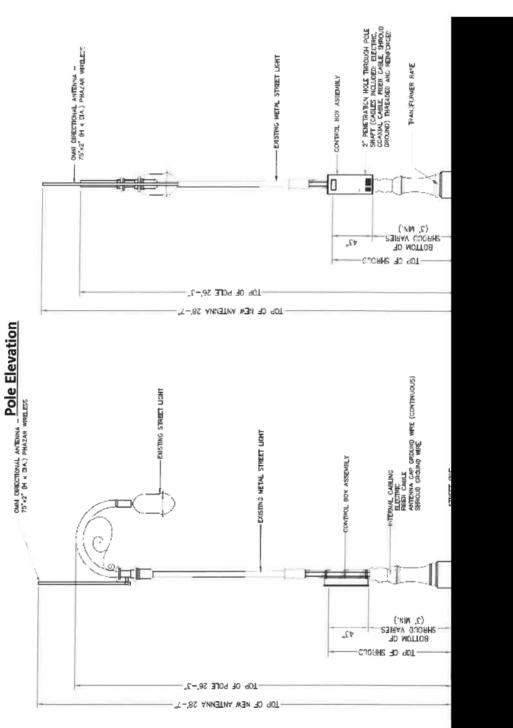
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



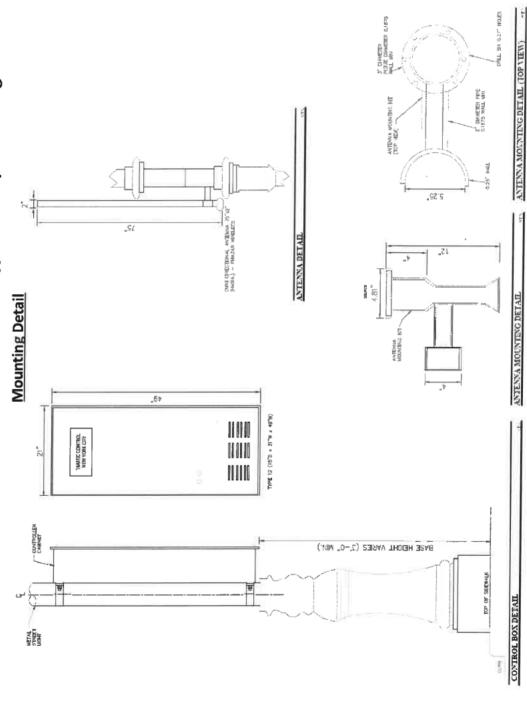
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Exhibit C: Antenna #1

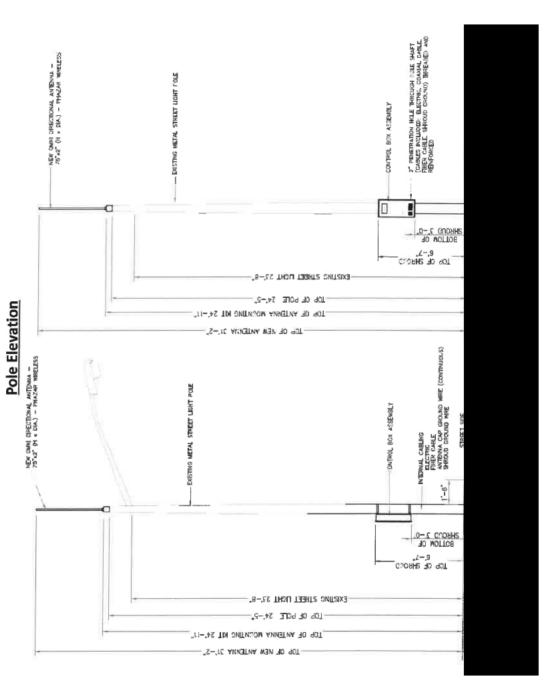




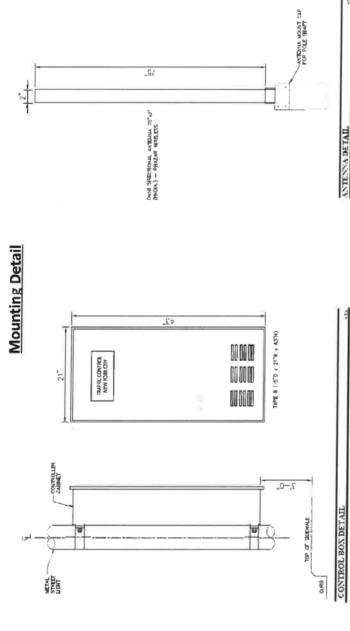


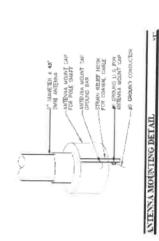
DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1

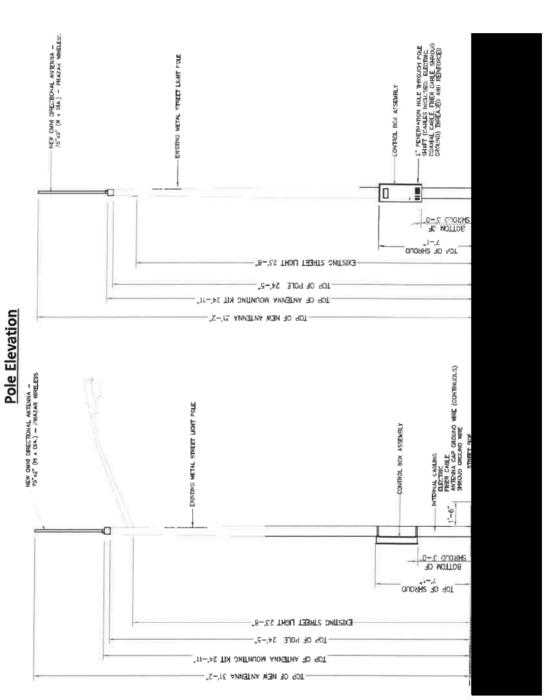


City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1

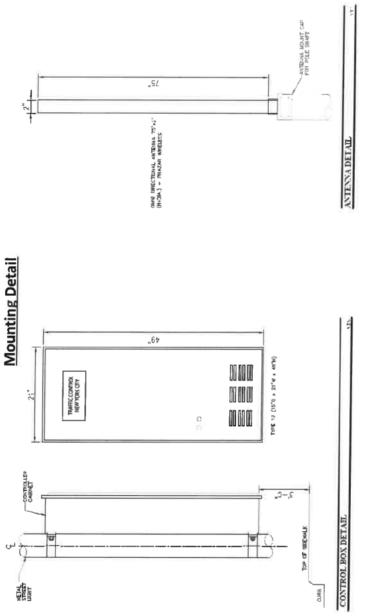


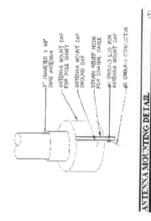


City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1





City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – Photo Simulations Exhibit C: Antenna #1

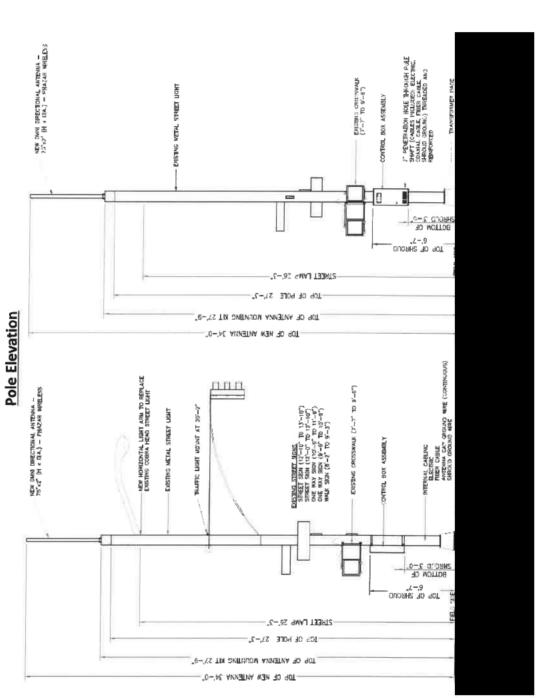




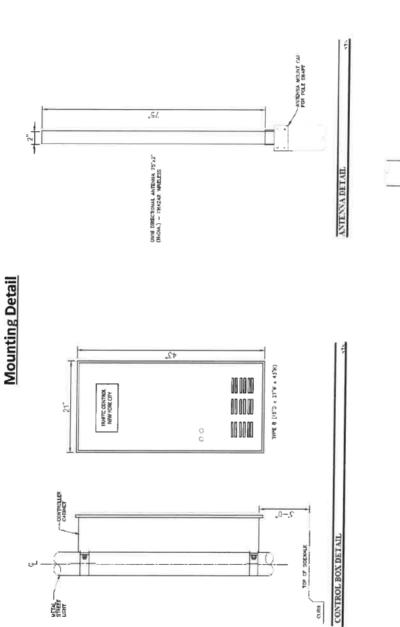
DOT Cabinet Type 12

DOT Cabinet Type 8

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



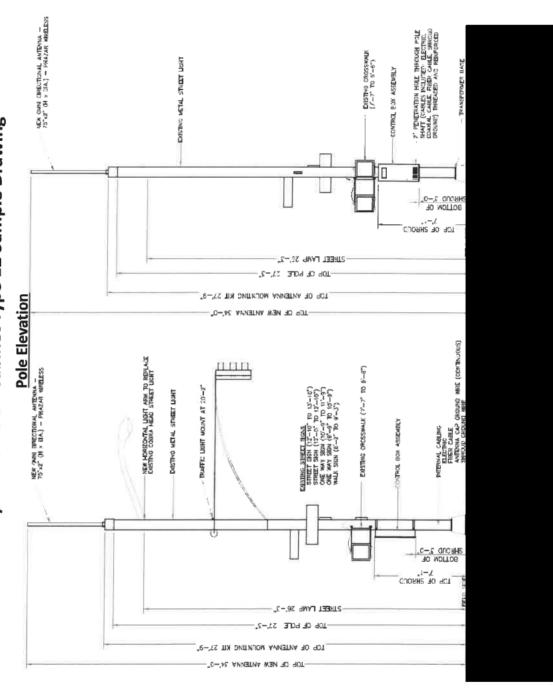
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 8 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



POR POLE SHAFT
FOR POLE SHAFT
STORM ACHIT CAP
STORM BAR
FOR CARAL, CARLE
FOR CARAL, CARLE
FOR CONTROL CARLE
ATTENA MOUNT CAP
ATTENA MOUNT CAP

ANTENNA MOUNTING DETAIL

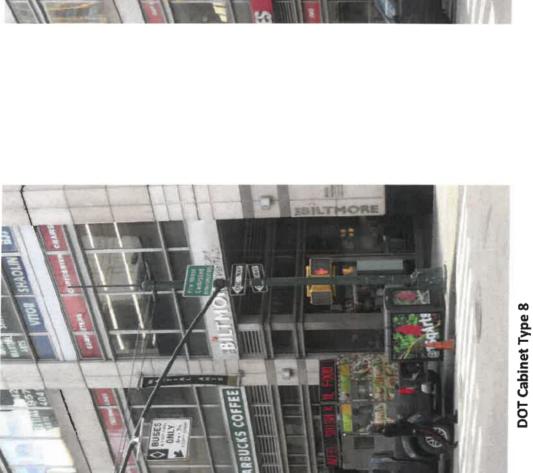
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #1



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Exhibit C: Antenna #1

M2 Style Pole - Photo Simulations





DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification for Zones A, B & C **Exhibit C: Antenna Option #2**

Current Max DoTT Specification is 48" H x 2" D

Phazar Antenna Corp.

1710 - 2155 MHz Omni-Directional Antenna

- Dual Antenna for DAS or LTE Applications
 - Frequency coverage for entire AWS band

Model AWS360D-1710-7-T0-D

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

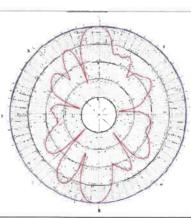
2 and 4° (T2 and T4 for Part Number) 50 ohms 16° +/- 1° (nominal) 1710-2155 MHz 1.7:1 VSWR Max 2.X.7 dBi Vertical 200 Watta -150 dBc 44.5 dB Horizoniai -SaB Bear, width Input Impedance Vertical -3d8 Beamwidth Maximum Power Input Frequency Range Electrical Downfill Forward Gain Azimuth Rippla

Type Dity 7-16 (Two sonnoches) MECHANICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS Dimension and Weight

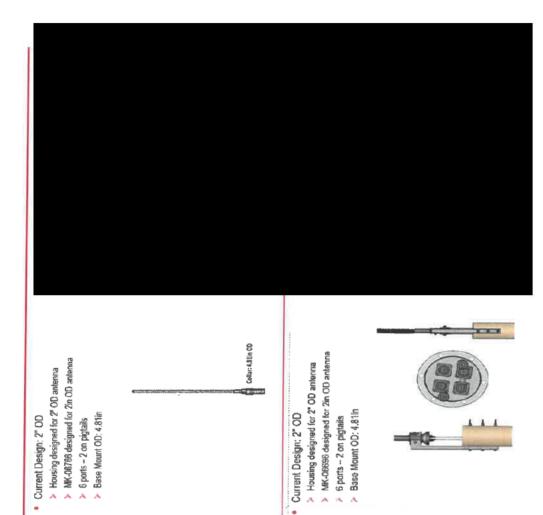
Wind Survival Lightning Protection

Sizie meket) slamps provided 46 leches x 2 0 neh G.D. / < 4 les 1.624g) White Standard (Color Options Available)





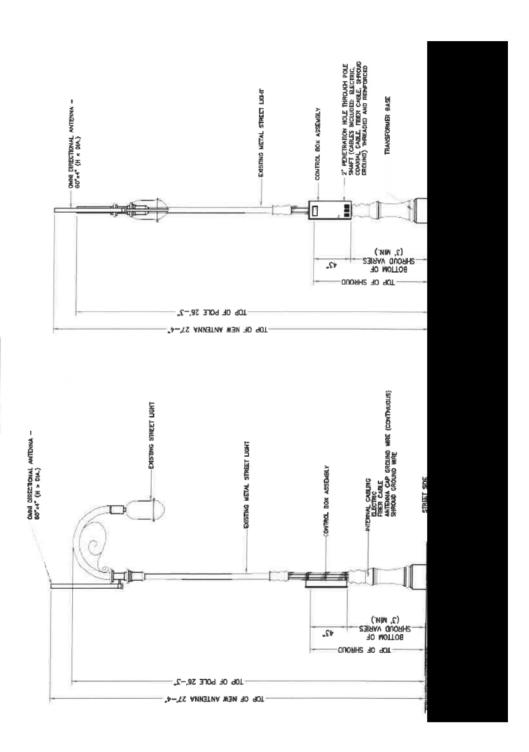
Current DoITT Approved Spec



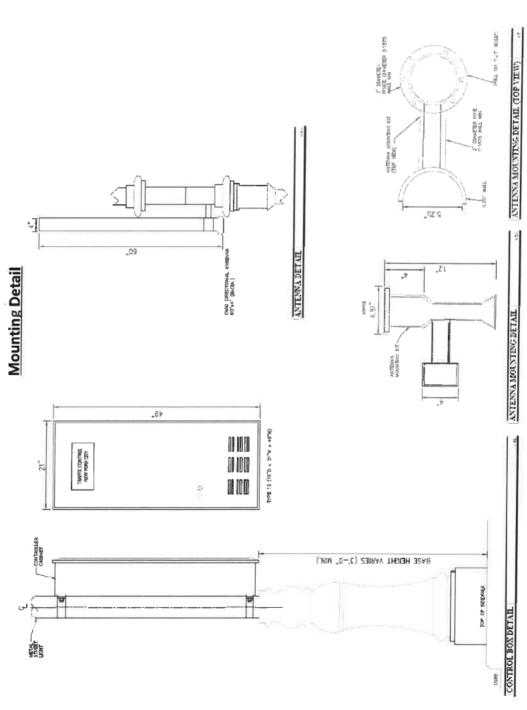
Proposed Spec

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole - DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2 Pole Elevation

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City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2

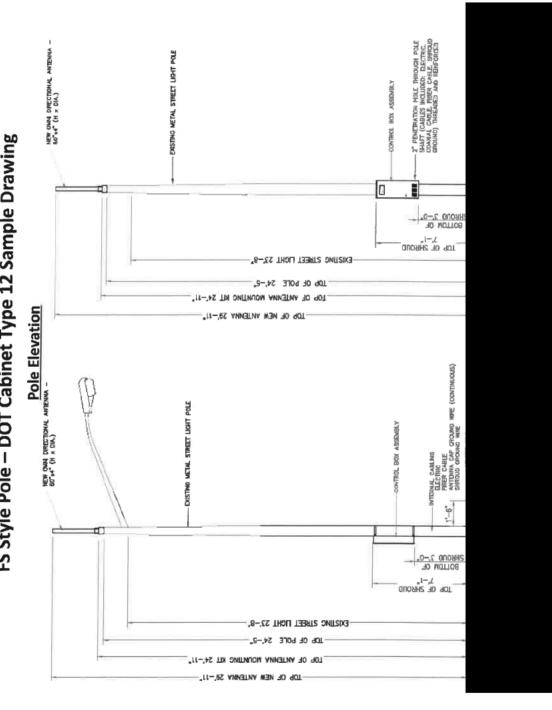


City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C Bishops Crook Style Pole - Photo Simulation Exhibit C: Antenna #2

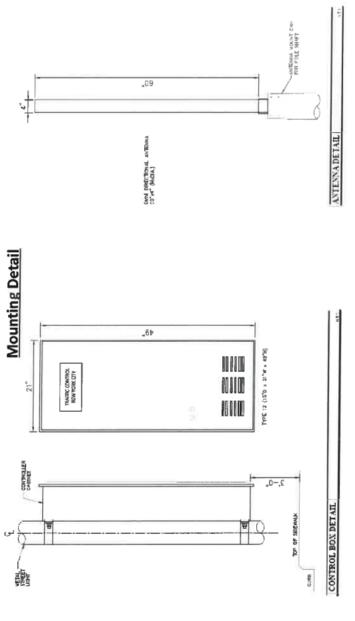


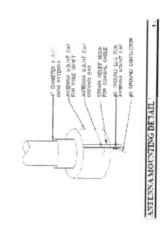
DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2

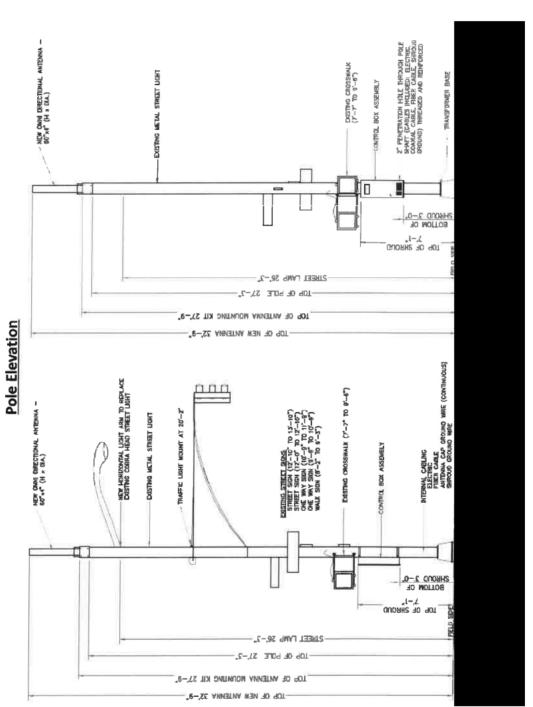




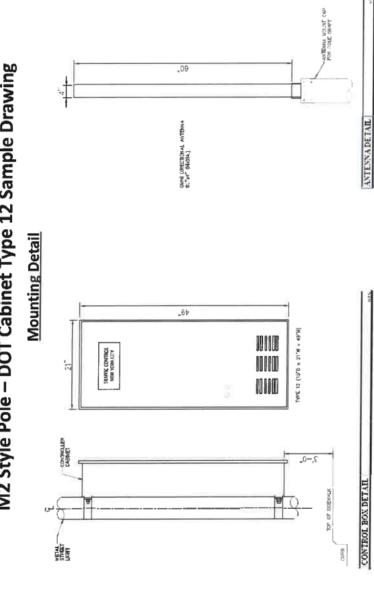
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole - Photo Simulation Exhibit C: Antenna #2

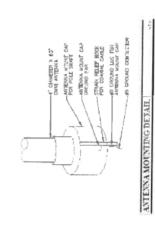
DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #2





City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – Photo Simulation Exhibit C: Antenna #2

STARBUCKS COFFEE

DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification for Zones A, B & C Exhibit C: Antenna Option #3

Current Max DoTT Specification is 48" H x 2" D 24" H x 14.5" D

A Phazar Antenna Corp.

1710 - 2155 MHz Omnf-Directional Antenna

- Dual Antenna for DAS or LTE Applications
- Frequency coverage for entire AWS band

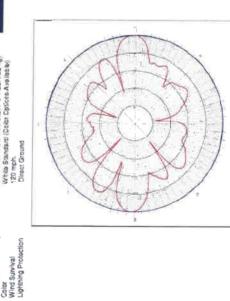
Model AWS360D-1710-7-T0-D

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Sand 4"(T2' and T4 les Pan humbar) 50 ohms 18° +/- 1° (nominal) 1710-2155 MHz 1.7:1 V SWR Max 2 X 7 dBi Varidasi 200 Watts 47.5dB Horizontal -3dB Beamwidth Input Impedance Vertical -3dB Beamwidth Maximum Power Input Frequency Range Electrical Downtilt Azimuth Ripple Forward Gain

MECHANICAL & ENVIRONMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS Dimension and Weight

Tybe LYN/T716 (Two consectors) Side mount; stames provided 46 Institut x 213 Insti CLD; 7 < 4 tea. 1 62 kg) White Standard (Eclor Options Available)

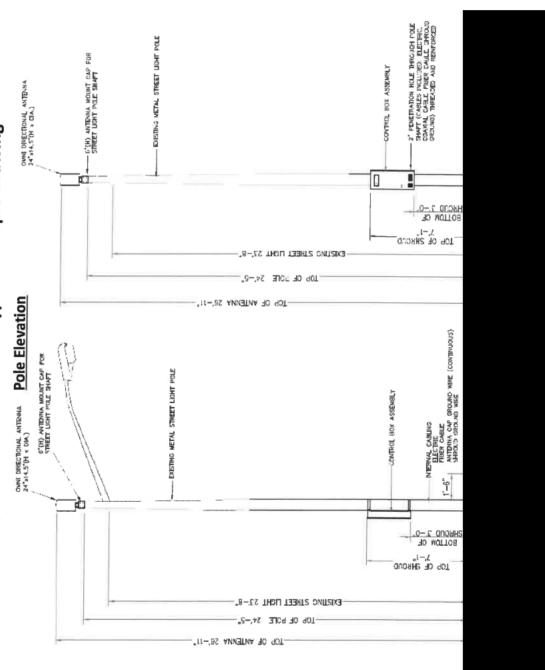


Current DoITT Approved Spec



Proposed Spec

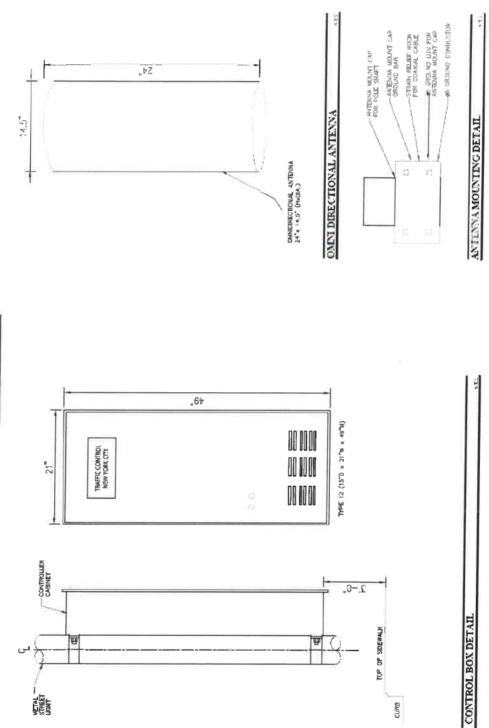
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #3



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #3

Mounting Detail

VETAL STREET USHT

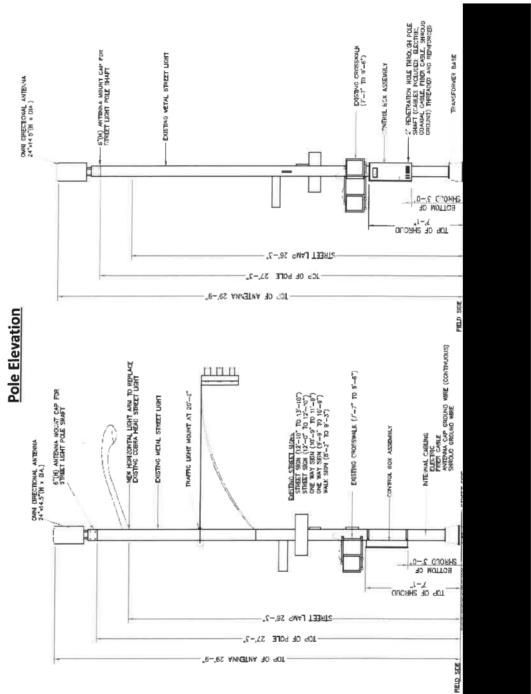


City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C FS Style Pole – Photo Simulation Exhibit C: Antenna #3

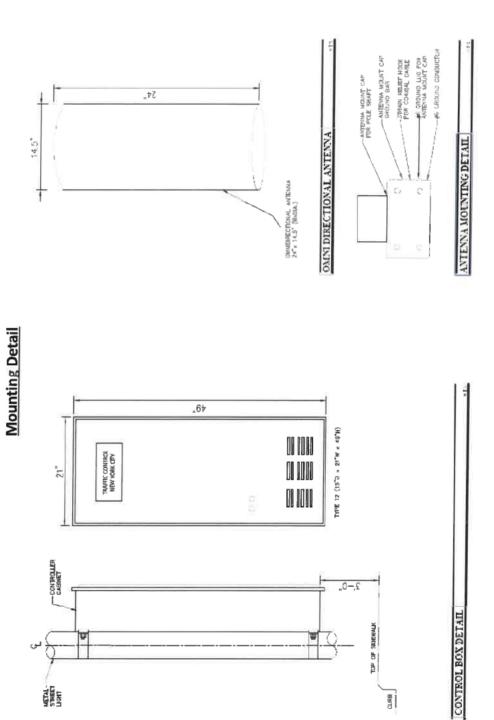


DOT Cabinet Type 12

City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #3



City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole – DOT Cabinet Type 12 Sample Drawing Exhibit C: Antenna #3



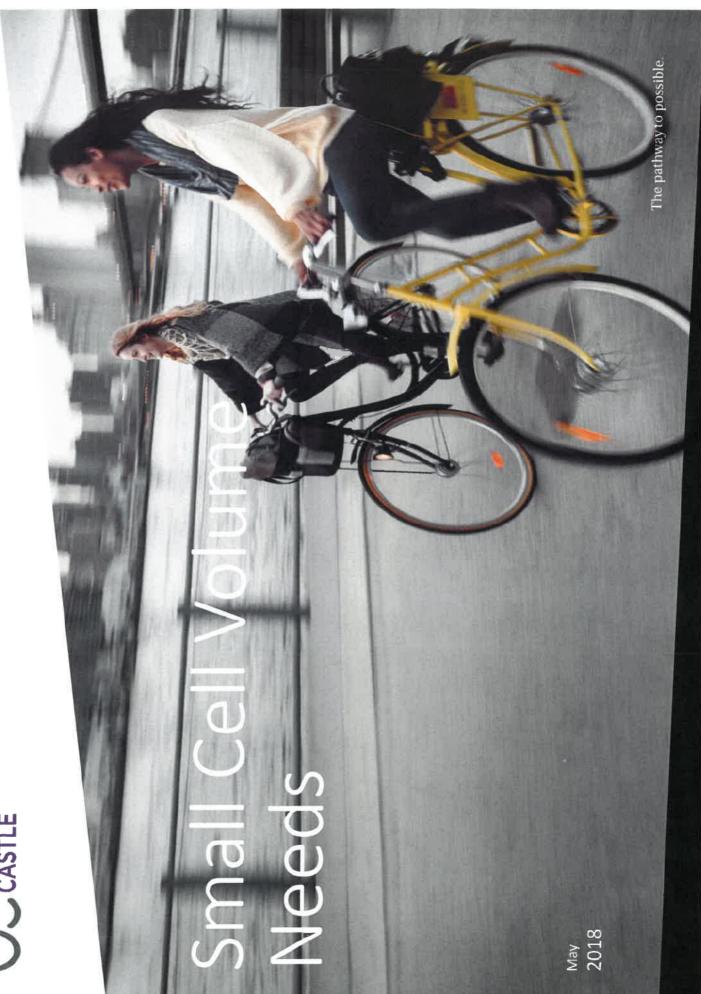
City Approved DOT Control Box Specification Zone A, B & C M2 Style Pole - Photo Simulation Exhibit C: Antenna #3

STARBUCKS COFFEE

DOT Cabinet Type 12

Exhibit D:
Optimal 5G/IoT Deployment Configuration
Zone A, B & C

CASTLE CASTLE



Multiple Customers, Bands, Technologies

Colocation

- Small cells are expensive to deploy, shared infrastructure provides a significant economic benefit
- Allows for faster growth due to less capital outlay for all parties
- Reduces the overall amount small cell infrastructure needed less poles and antennas Necessary to plan for multiple bands
- Typically each band requires its own radio, its own box
- 600, 700, 850, PCS, AWS, Band 41 (2600), CBRS, Band 46 (LAA), mmWave (28GHz),
- · Carriers can easily plan for 4 (or more) Sub 6GHz bands and possibly mmWave
- Radios are not necessarily low power
- Higher powers are still needed to capture enough traffic and also penetrate buildings



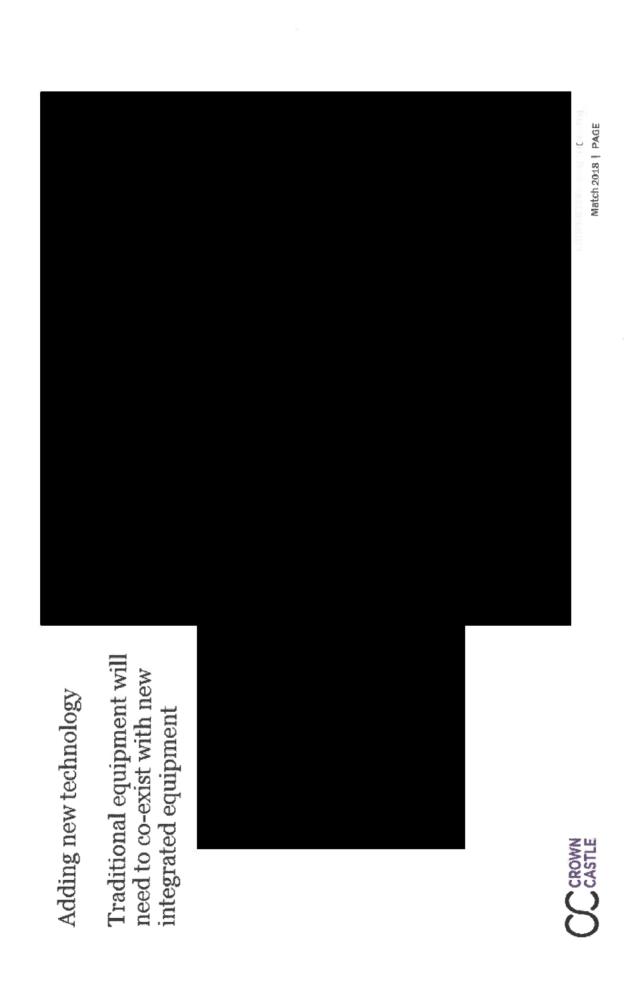
Multiple Customers, Bands, Technologies

Necessary to plan for both technologies when thinking about small cell deployment

- 4G and 5G will coexist long into the future
- Early 5G deployments will actually depend on 4G and require dual connectivity
- 5G is not just mmWave, it will cover all frequency bands, including all current Sub 6GHz 4G LTE
- Lower band equipment mostly employs separate radios and external antennas
- mmWave requires integrated radios and antennas which can not be shrouded and need mounting higher up on the pole
- 5G and advanced 4G technology rely on aggregating and using multiple bands together to achieve higher broadband speeds - thus requiring multiple bands deployed

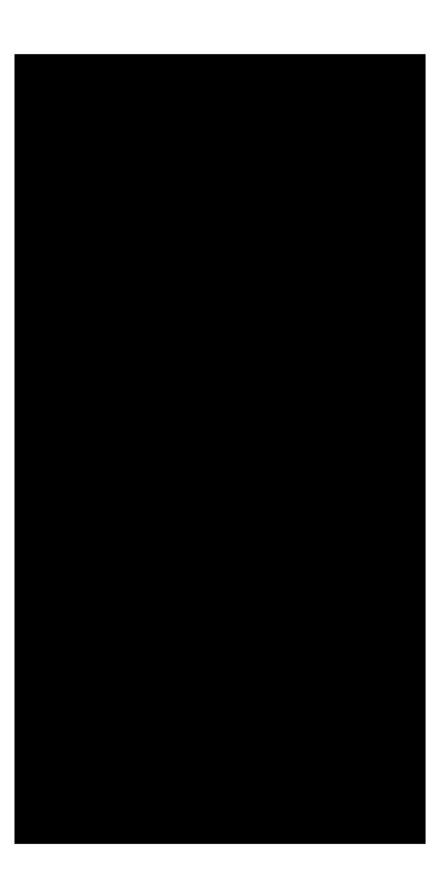


Match 2018 | PAGE







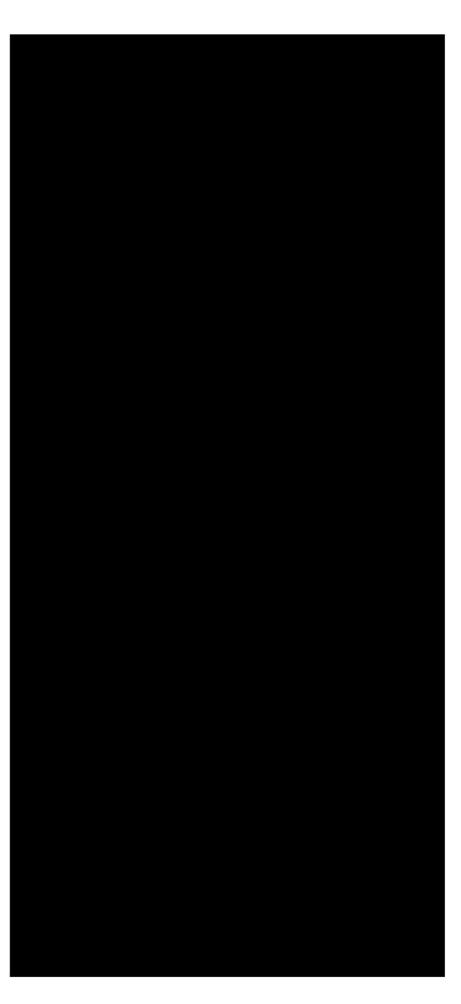






Match 2018 | PAGE

Optimal Antenna Preferences





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Volume Drivers: MIMO

MIMO Technology

- · 5G and advanced 4G technology rely on using multiple transmit and receive paths or MIMO for higher broadband speeds - thus multiple paths for each multiple band (radio) deployed
- Sub 6GHz radios are either 2x2 MIMO or 4x4 MIMO
- The trend is 4x4
- More MIMO paths require more cable connections and space for cable management
- Each path requires a cable connection to an individual port on antenna, which drives increased antenna dimensions



Volume Drivers: Antennas

Antennas

External antennas need to be multiband

- 7 different bands between the 4 national carriers
- Note lower bands drive larger volume requirements

External antennas need multiple ports per band

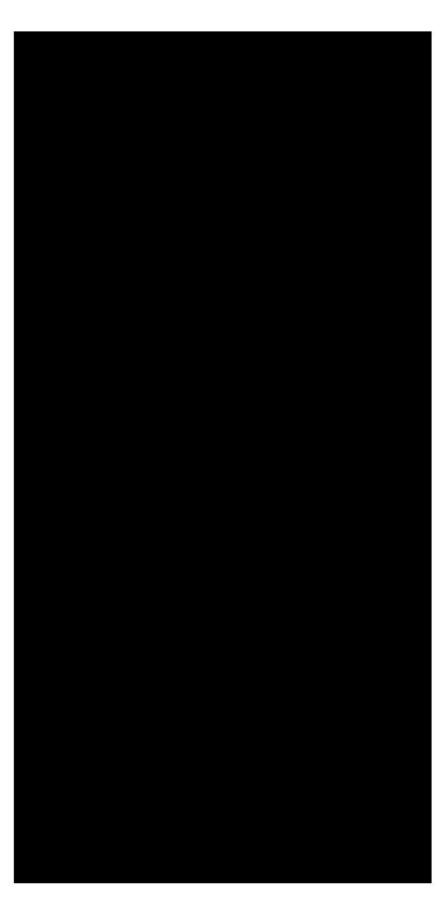
- For MIMO and multicarrier
- Note more ports drive increased volume requirements

Ideally all in the same enclosure for aesthetic reasons

An appropriate range of bands and number of ports for MIMO and colocation can be supported with < 6 cubic foot volume.

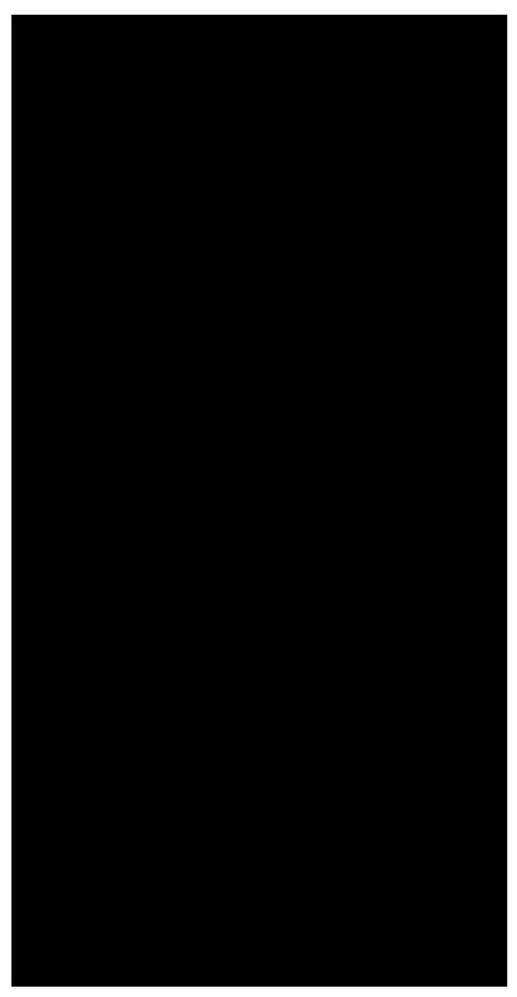
Smaller volumes must tradeoff either bands, colocation, or even performance ie < 3 cubic feet







Volume Drivers: Antennas





Match 2018 | PAGE

Exhibit E: Radio Frequency Emissions Report



Pinnacle Telecom Group

Professional and Technical Services

Antenna Site FCC RF Compliance Assessment and Report

prepared for

Crown Castle

Pole-mounted DAS Operations New York Market

October 14, 2014

14 Ridgedale Avenue - Suite 209 • Cedar Knolls, NJ 07927 • 973-451-1630

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Appendix A. Background on the FCC MPE Limits

Appendix B. Summary of Expert Qualifications

Executive Summary

At the request of Crown Castle, Pinnacle Telecom Group has performed an independent expert assessment of radiofrequency (RF) levels and related FCC compliance for "distributed antenna system" (DAS) operations in the New York Market. The DAS antennas are to be mounted on poles, and will be capable of supporting transmission in the 700, 1900 and 2100 MHz frequency bands, facilitating the provision of commercial wireless services.

The FCC requires antenna operators to perform an assessment of the RF emissions from their antennas, and to ensure compliance with the FCC's Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) limit. That limit, described in some detail in Appendix A, has been set in such a manner that continuous exposure to RF levels up to and including 100 percent of the MPE limit is safe for humans of either sex, any size, any age, and under any conditions.

The analysis described herein examines FCC compliance for the Crown Castle antenna operation for three possible exposure situations: (1) for people standing at street level below the antenna installation; (2) for antenna technicians or other workers climbing the pole; and (3) for people in buildings adjacent to and at the same general height as the antennas.

The analyses for each area of interest employ standard FCC formulas for calculating the RF effects of the antennas in a very conservative manner, in order to ensure "safe-side" (i.e., intentionally overstated) results and thus great confidence in conclusions regarding compliance with the applicable MPE limit.

The results of compliance analyses can be described in layman's terms by expressing the calculated RF levels as simple percentages of the applicable FCC MPE limit. If the reference for that limit is "normalized" to 100 percent, then calculated RF levels higher than 100 percent indicate the MPE limit is exceeded and there is a need to mitigate the potential exposure. On the other hand, calculated RF levels consistently below 100 percent serve as a clear and sufficient demonstration of compliance with the MPE limit. Because of the conservatism encouraged by the FCC, calculations showing RF levels up to and

even including 100 percent of the applicable MPE limit serve as proof of compliance.

The results of the RF compliance assessment in this case are as follows:

- For People Standing at Street Level around the Antenna: The conservatively calculated maximum RF level from the Crown Castle antenna operation is 0.9490 percent of the FCC MPE limit - a result that is less than one percent, and which is clearly well below the 100-percent reference for compliance.
- □ For Workers Close to the Antenna: The near-field analysis shows that that the applicable FCC occupational MPE limit is satisfied at all sameheight distances, and the general population MPE limit is satisfied at a same-height distance of four feet. We recommend that an "Notice-type" RF alert sign be posted at the antenna location, with a specified stand-off distance of four (4) feet for purposes of controlling potential exposure of the general public.
- □ For People in an Adjacent Building: For someone inside a building at a distance of as little as 10 feet away from the antenna and at the same height as the antennas, the conservatively calculated RF level is 28.8 percent of the FCC general population MPE limit - well below the 100percent reference for compliance. At distances greater than 10 feet from the antennas, or in positions lower or higher than the antennas, the RF levels are even less significant.

The results of the analyses of RF levels, along with the recommended RF alert signage, combine to satisfy the FCC's regulations and associated guidelines concerning the control of potential RF exposure. Moreover, because of the conservative methodology and assumptions incorporated in the analysis, RF levels actually caused by the antennas in each area of interest will be even less significant than the calculation results indicate.

The remainder of this report provides the following:

- relevant technical data on the Crown Castle DAS antenna operation;
- a description of the applicable FCC mathematical models for assessing compliance, and application of the technical data to those models; and
- □ the results of the analysis, and the compliance conclusion for the proposed Crown Castle DAS operation.

In addition, two Appendices are included. Appendix A provides background on the FCC MPE limit, as well as a list of key FCC references on compliance. Appendix B provides a summary of the qualifications of the expert certifying RF compliance for the described Crown Castle DAS operations.

Antenna and Transmission Data

Transmission parameters for the DAS antenna operation are provided below.

General Data	
Antenna Type	Omnidirectional
Antenna Model	Phazar AWSBRS360T-698/1710-7/2/9-T0
Antenna Length	72 in.
Antenna Mounting Height AGL	10 meters (32.8 ft.)
700 MHz Transmission Data	
Tot. Available RF Power	20 watts
Antenna Line Loss	1.0 dB
Max. Antenna Input Power	15.89 watts
Max. Antenna Gain	2.0 dBi
1900 MHz Transmission Data	
Tot. Available RF Power	20 watts
Antenna Line Loss	1.0 dB
Max. Antenna Input Power	15.89 watts
Max. Antenna Gain	9.0 dBi
2100 MHz Transmission Data	
Tot. Available RF Power	80 watts
Antenna Line Loss	1.0 dB
Max. Antenna Input Power	63.55 watts
Max. Antenna Gain	9.0 dBi

The vertical-plane emission pattern of the antenna is used in the analysis of street-level compliance. Figures 1 and 2 that follow show the manufacturer-specified vertical-plane pattern for the proposed antenna model in each frequency band.

Note that the use of a decibel scale to describe the relative pattern at different angles incidentally serves to significantly understate the actual focusing effects of the antenna. Where the antenna pattern reads 20 dB, for example, the relative RF energy emitted at the corresponding downward angle is 1/100th of the maximum that occurs in the main beam (at 0 degrees); at a 30 dB point, the level is 1/1,000th of the maximum.

Note, finally, that the automatic pattern-scaling feature of our internal software may skew side-by-side visual comparisons of different antenna models, or even different parties' depictions of the same antenna model.

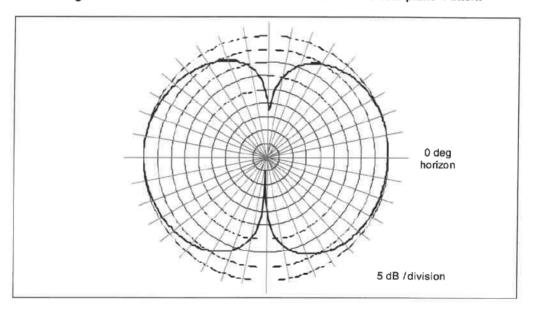


Figure 1. AWSBRS360T-698/1710-7/2/9-T0 - 700 MHz Vertical-plane Pattern



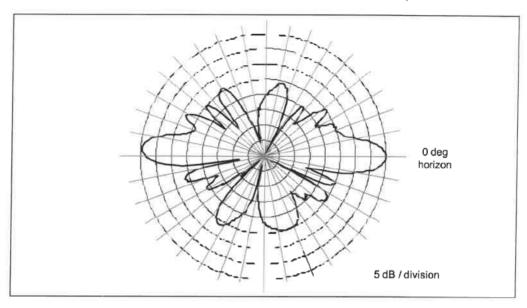
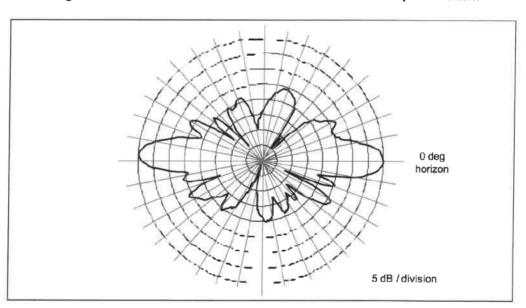


Figure 3. AWSBRS360T-698/1710-7/2/9-T0 - 2100 MHz Vertical-plane Pattern



Compliance Analysis

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin 65 ("OET Bulletin 65") provides guidelines for mathematical models to calculate the RF levels at various points around transmitting antennas.

In this case, there are two general areas of potential exposure interest: (1) at street level below and around the antenna installation; and (2) at the same relative height as the antenna. The FCC's "far-field" model applies to the street-level analysis. The FCC's "near-field" model applies to the analyses of RF levels closer to and at the same general height as the antennas, such as applies to utility pole workers and people in buildings adjacent to the antenna installations.

Each area of interest is addressed in the subsections that follow.

Street-Level Compliance Analysis

The areas at street level around an antenna installation are clearly open to unrestricted public access, and are subject to the FCC MPE limit for "uncontrolled" exposure, commonly called the "general population" limit.

At street-level, the RF levels from antennas are directly proportional to the total antenna input power and the relative antenna gain in the downward direction of interest – and the RF levels are otherwise inversely proportional to the square of the straight-line distance to the antenna.

Conservative calculations also assume the potential RF exposure is enhanced by reflection of the RF energy from the intervening ground. Our calculations will assume a 100% "perfect" ground reflection, the absolute worst-case approach.

The formula for street-level RF compliance calculations for any given wireless antenna operation is as follows:

MPE% = (100 * InputPower * 10
$$(Gmax-Vdisc/10)$$
 * 4) / (MPE * 4π * R^2)

where

MPE% RF level, expressed as a percentage of the MPE limit applicable to continuous exposure of the general public 100 = factor to convert the raw result to a percentage InputPower maximum net power into antenna, in milliwatts, a function of the number of RF channels, the transmitter power, and line loss 10 (Gmax-Vdisc/10) numeric equivalent of the relative antenna gain in the downward direction of interest; data on the antenna vertical-plane pattern is taken from manufacturer specifications factor to account for a 100-percent-efficient energy reflection from the ground, and the squared relationship between RF field strength and power density (22 = 4) MPE FCC general population MPE limit R straight-line distance from the RF source to the point of

We will conservatively perform the MPE% calculations out to a distance of 500 feet from the facility to points six feet off the ground, with the latter figure representing human standing height. The calculation geometry is illustrated in Figure 4 on the next page.

interest, centimeters

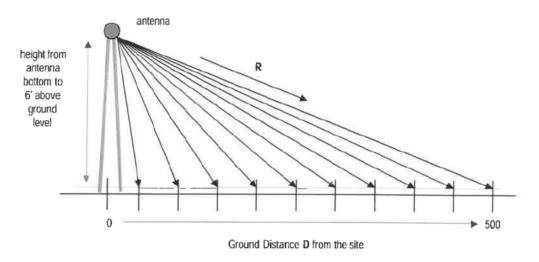


Figure 4. Street-level MPE% Calculation Geometry

It is popularly understood that the farther away one is from an antenna, the lower the RF level – which is generally but not universally correct. The results of MPE% calculations fairly close to the base of the pole will reflect the variations in the vertical-plane antenna pattern as well as the variation in straight-line distance to the antennas. Therefore, RF levels may actually increase slightly with increasing distance within the range of zero to 500 feet from the site. As the distance approaches 500 feet and beyond, though, the antenna pattern factor becomes less significant, the RF levels become primarily distance-controlled, and as a result the RF levels generally decrease with increasing distance, and are well understood to be in compliance.

Street-level FCC compliance for a multiple-band antenna operation is assessed in the following manner. At each distance point along the ground, an MPE% calculation is made for the RF effect in each frequency band, and the sum of the individual MPE% contributions at each point is compared to 100 percent, which serves as the normalized reference for the FCC MPE limit. We refer to the sum of the individual MPE% contributions as "total MPE%", and any calculated MPE% total MPE% result exceeding 100 percent is, by definition, higher than the FCC

limit and represents non-compliance and a need to mitigate the RF levels. If, on the other hand, all results are below 100 percent, that set of results serves as a demonstration of compliance with the MPE limit.

The following conservative methodology and assumptions are incorporated into the MPE% calculations on a general basis:

- The antennas are assumed to be operating continuously at maximum power.
- The power-attenuation effects of shadowing or other obstructions to the line-of-sight path from the antenna to the point of interest are ignored.
- The calculations intentionally minimize the distance factor (R) by performing the calculations from the bottom (rather than the centerline) of the antenna.
- 4. The potential RF exposure at ground level is assumed to be enhanced (increased) via a "perfect" mirror-like 100-percent field reflection from the intervening ground.

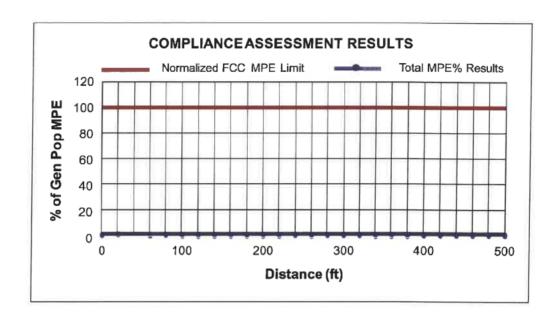
The net result of these assumptions is to significantly overstate the calculated RF exposure levels relative to the levels that will actually occur – and the purpose of this conservatism is to allow very "safe-side" conclusions about compliance.

The table on the next page provides the results of the street-level MPE% calculations for each frequency band and the total, with the maximum (worst-case) calculated total MPE% effect highlighted in bold in the last column.

Ground Distance (ft)	700 MHz MPE%	1900 MHz MPE%	2100 MHz MPE%	Total MPE%
0	0.0009	0.0811	0.1596	0.2416
20	0.7873	0.0153	0.0329	0.8355
40	0.6019	0.0511	0.2960	0.9490
60	0.3543	0.0148	0.0027	0.3718
80	0.2199	0.0104	0.0741	0.3044
100	0.1461	0.0011	0.0142	0.1614
120	0.1060	0.0118	0.0402	0.1580
140	0.0788	0.0250	0.1362	0.2400
160	0.0609	0.0336	0.1687	0.2632
180	0.0495	0.0339	0.1593	0.2427
200	0.0403	0.0422	0.1809	0.2634
220	0.0334	0.0412	0.1933	0.2679
240	0.0281	0.0347	0.1628	0.2256
260	0.0246	0.0396	0.1748	0.2390
280	0.0212	0.0342	0.1509	0.2063
300	0.0185	0.0298	0.1316	0.1799
320	0.0163	0.0318	0.1248	0.1729
340	0.0144	0.0282	0.1107	0.1533
360	0.0129	0.0252	0.0988	0.1369
380	0.0116	0.0226	0.0887	0.1229
400	0.0104	0.0219	0.0938	0.1261
420	0.0095	0.0199	0.0851	0.1145
440	0.0086	0.0181	0.0775	0.1042
460	0.0079	0.0166	0.0710	0.0955
480	0.0073	0.0152	0.0652	0.0877
500	0.0067	0.0140	0.0601	0.0808

As indicated, the overall maximum calculated RF level is 0.9490 percent of the FCC MPE limit – less than one percent, and obviously well below the 100-percent reference for compliance with the FCC limit.

A graph of the overall calculation results, provided on the next page, probably provides a clearer *visual* illustration of the relative insignificance of the calculated RF levels. As might be expected with such low calculated RF levels, the results line barely rises above the graph's baseline, and shows an obviously clear and consistent margin to the FCC MPE limit.



The results of this street-level compliance analysis are not at all unexpected, because of the low power level used by the antennas, the mounting of the antennas well overhead, and the vertical-plane directional characteristics of the antennas. Moreover, because of the conservative nature of the FCC's mathematical model, along with the operational assumptions we applied in the analysis, RF levels actually caused by the antennas will be less significant than these calculation results indicate.

Near-field Analysis

There are two considerations in the analysis of the RF levels at the same relative height as the antennas on the pole. The first consideration involves the possible exposure of a utility worker or antenna technician climbing the pole or otherwise being in positions quite close to the antenna. The potential exposure for workers close to antennas is considered "controlled" because such workers are required to have had RF safety training and thus know how to ensure personal RF safety around antennas. As a result, the FCC "occupational" MPE limit applies to the analysis (see Appendix A). The second consideration involves the possible

exposure of individuals in a building adjacent to a pole antenna installation (and at the same approximate height as the antenna). In this case the exposure is classified as "uncontrolled" and the FCC "general population" MPE limit applies, as can an assumption of a greater distance from the antennas than that which might apply to a pole climber.

The analysis for each type of exposure involves the FCC's "near-field" model, and the only differences in the analysis for each area of interest will be the range of assumed exposure distances and the applicable MPE limit. Note that the particular mounting height of the antennas above ground level does not affect the results of same-height RF exposure analyses.

In the near field of an antenna, the RF levels depend on the frequency band, antenna size, antenna input power, lateral distance from the antenna, and whether or not there is a difference between standing height and the subtended height of the antenna. The near-field compliance analysis was performed using the Richard Tell Associates *RoofView* program, which is based on the near-field models in FCC Bulletin OET65 and which is considered an industry standard and is accepted by the FCC for rooftop compliance analyses.

The RoofView program's primary output is a color-coded depiction of the calculated RF levels in the vicinity of antennas. The color-coding scheme uses green for areas found to be subject to RF levels satisfying the FCC general population MPE limit, red for areas where the FCC occupational limit is exceeded, and yellow for RF levels between those extremes. In a grayscale printout, green appears as medium gray, yellow is a lighter gray, and red is a dark gray. Note that any color-coding of a pixel with a dot identifying an antenna location is not significant, as it represents an anomaly in the software related to a "divide-by-zero-distance" issue. Note, too, that when multi-band antennas are used, the program requires individual entries for each operator and frequency band, and displays additional "antenna location dots" below and to the right of the actual antenna location. The additional dots are not significant to the analysis.

The graphic output of the *RoofView* program for potential same-height exposure is reproduced below (Figure 5). This is a "top-down" view, and note that the distance between the gridlines in the *RoofView* output is 10 feet.

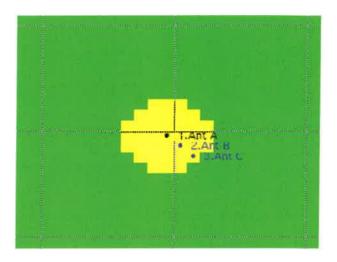


Figure 5. RoofView Graphic Output for Near-field Same-height Exposure

As indicated by the color-coding, the FCC occupational MPE limit is satisfied at all same-height distances, and the general population MPE limit is satisfied at a same-height distance of four feet.

The *RoofView* program includes a feature that provides one-at-a-time "pop-up" readouts of the calculation results for any specifically identified location. We used that feature to quantify the results of the analysis, which are summarized in the table on the next page.

Lateral Distance	Same-Height Near-Field Occup.	Same-Height Near-Field Gen. Pop.
(ft)	MPE%	MPE%
1	64.03	320.15
2	32.02	160.10
3	21.34	106.70
4	16.01	80.05
5	12.81	64.05
6	10.67	53.35
7	9.15	45.75
8	8.00	40.00
9	7.11	35.55
10	5.76	28.80

Because the FCC general population MPE limit is exceeded fairly close to the antenna, we recommend the posting of an appropriate RF alert sign at each antenna location. (See later Section.)

The near-field analysis for potential exposure to individuals inside a building adjacent to (and at the same height as) a Crown Castle antenna operation relies on the same near-field model, but with the "general population" MPE limit applied instead of the "occupational" limit. In addition, we can assume in this case that no building would be closer than 10 feet from an antenna, and will perform the calculations for a horizontal distance range of 10 to 20 feet, and we will further assume a clear line-of-sight to the antenna.

The table that follows provides the results of the calculations for people inside a building adjacent to, and at the same subtended height as, one of the Crown Castle antenna installations.



Lateral Distance (ft)	Adjacent-Building Same- Height Near-Field Gen. Pop. MPE%
10	28.80
11	23.80
12	20.00
13	17.05
14	14.70
15	12.80
16	11.25
17	9.95
18	8.90
19	8.00
20	7.20

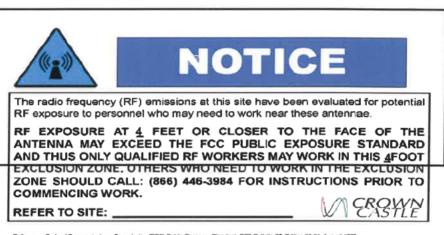
As indicated in the table, even as the closest assumed distance of 10 feet, the conservatively calculated RF level – on a clear line-of-sight basis – is 28.8 percent of the FCC MPE limit, well below the 100-percent reference for compliance. Moreover, as the distance from the antennas increases, the RF levels decrease, and the RF levels inside a building at any distance from the antenna would be 10 times lower. Note, too, that at heights lower than or higher than the subtended antenna height, the RF levels are less significant than the results of these calculations.

RF Alert Signage

The FCC recognizes RF alert signage as an effective component of compliance, as it alerts individuals to the presence of antennas and the potential for RF levels to exceed applicable the applicable MPE limit – so that caution may exercised to control one's potential exposure.

Given the results of the near-field analyses in this case, the applicable FCC occupational MPE limit is satisfied at all same-height distances from the antenna, and the general population MPE limit is satisfied at a same-height distance of four feet.

Therefore, we recommend that the RF alert sign shown in Figure 6, below, be posted at the antenna location, with a specified distance of four feet for purposes of controlling potential exposure of the general public.



Reference: Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Public Exposure Standard, OET Bulletin-85, Edition 97-01, August 1997

Figure 6. Recommended RF Alert Signage

Compliance Conclusion

The results of the analyses of RF levels, along with the recommended RF alert signage, satisfy the FCC's regulations concerning the control of potential RF exposure. Moreover, because of the conservative methodology and assumptions incorporated in the analysis, RF levels actually caused by the antennas in each area of interest will be even less significant than the calculation results indicate.

Certification

It is the policy of Pinnacle Telecom Group that all FCC RF compliance assessments are reviewed, approved, and signed by the firm's Chief Technical Officer, who certifies as follows:

- 1. I have read and fully understand the FCC regulations concerning RF safety and the control of human exposure to RF fields (47 CFR 1.1301 et seg).
- 2. To the best of my knowledge, the statements and information disclosed in this report are true, complete and accurate.
- 3. The analysis of site RF compliance provided herein is consistent with the applicable FCC regulations, additional guidelines issued by the FCC, and industry practice.
- 4. The results of the analysis indicate that the subject antenna operations will be in compliance with the FCC regulations and applicable MPE limits.

Chief Technical Officer

Pinnacle Telecom Group, LLC

10/14/14

Date

Appendix A. Background on the FCC MPE Limits

FCC Regulations

As directed by the Telecommunications Act of 1996, the FCC has incorporated into its Rules and Regulations a set of limits for maximum continuous human exposure to RF emissions from antennas.

The FCC maximum permissible exposure (MPE) limits represent the consensus of federal agencies and independent experts responsible for RF safety matters. Those agencies include the National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements (NCRP), the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). In formulating its guidelines, the FCC also considered input from the public and technical community – notably the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE).

The FCC's RF exposure guidelines are incorporated in Section 1.301 *et seq* of its Rules and Regulations (47 CFR 1.1301-1.1310). Those guidelines specify MPE limits for both occupational and general population exposure.

The specified continuous exposure MPE limits are based on known variation of human body susceptibility in different frequency ranges, and a Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) of 4 watts per kilogram, which is universally considered to accurately represent human capacity to dissipate incident RF energy (in the form of heat). The occupational MPE guidelines incorporate a safety factor of 10 or greater with respect to RF levels known to represent a health hazard, and an additional safety factor of five is applied to the MPE limits for general population exposure. Thus, the general population MPE limit has a built-in safety factor of more than 50. The limits were constructed to appropriately protect humans of both sexes and all ages and sizes and under all conditions – and continuous exposure at levels equal to or below the applicable MPE limits is considered to result in no adverse health effects or even health risk.

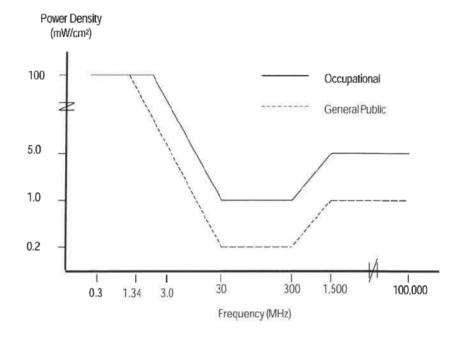
The reason for *two* tiers of MPE limits is based on an understanding and assumption that members of the general public are unlikely to have had appropriate RF safety training and may not be aware of the exposures they receive; occupational exposure in controlled environments, on the other hand, is assumed to involve individuals who have had such training, are aware of the exposures, and know how to maintain a safe personal work environment.

The FCC's MPE limits are expressed in two equivalent forms, using alternative units of field strength (expressed in volts per meter, or V/m), and power density (expressed in milliwatts per square centimeter, or mW/cm²). The table on the next page lists the FCC limits for both occupational and general population exposures, using the mW/cm² reference, for the different radio frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (F) (MHz)	Occupational Exposure (mW/cm²)	General Public Exposure (mW/cm²)
0.3 - 1.34	100	100
1.34 - 3.0	100	180 / F ²
3.0 - 30	900 / F ²	180 / F ²
30 - 300	1.0	0.2
300 - 1,500	F/300	F / 1500
1,500 - 100,000	5.0	1.0

The diagram below provides a graphical illustration of both occupational and general population MPE limits.

the FCC's



Because the FCC's RF exposure limits are frequency-shaped, the exact MPE limits applicable to the instant situation depend on the frequency range used by the systems of interest.

The most appropriate method of determining RF compliance is to calculate the RF power density attributable to a particular system and compare that to the MPE limit applicable to the operating frequency in question. The result is usually expressed as a percentage of the MPE limit.

For potential exposure from multiple systems, the respective percentages of the MPE limits are added, and the total percentage compared to 100 (percent of the limit). If the result is less than 100, the total exposure is in compliance; if it is more than 100, exposure mitigation measures are necessary to achieve compliance.

Note that the FCC "categorically excludes" all "non-building-mounted" wireless antenna operations whose mounting heights are more than 10 meters (32.8 feet) from the routine requirement to demonstrate compliance with the MPE limit, because such operations "are deemed, individually and cumulatively, to have no significant effect on the human environment". The categorical exclusion also applies to *all* point-to-point antenna operations, regardless of the type of structure they're mounted on. Note that the FCC considers any facility qualifying for the categorical exclusion to be automatically in compliance.

FCC References on RF Compliance

47 CFR, FCC Rules and Regulations, Part 1 (Practice and Procedure), Section 1.1310 (Radiofrequency radiation exposure limits).

FCC Second Memorandum Opinion and Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (FCC 97-303), In the Matter of Procedures for Reviewing Requests for Relief From State and Local Regulations Pursuant to Section 332(c)(7)(B)(v) of the Communications Act of 1934 (WT Docket 97-192), Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation (ET Docket 93-62), and Petition for Rulemaking of the Cellular Telecommunications Industry Association Concerning Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Preempt State and Local Regulation of Commercial Mobile Radio Service Transmitting Facilities, released August 25, 1997.

FCC First Memorandum Opinion and Order, ET Docket 93-62, *In the Matter of Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation*, released December 24, 1996.

FCC Report and Order, ET Docket 93-62, In the Matter of Guidelines for Evaluating the Environmental Effects of Radiofrequency Radiation, released August 1, 1996.

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Bulletin 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields", Edition 97-01, August 1997.

FCC Office of Engineering and Technology (OET) Bulletin 56, "Questions and Answers About Biological Effects and Potential Hazards of RF Radiation", edition 4, August 1999.

Appendix B. Summary of Expert Qualifications

Daniel J. Collins, Chief Technical Officer, Pinnacle Telecom Group, LLC

Synopsis:	 40+ years of experience in all aspects of wireless system engineering, related regulation, and RF exposure Has performed or led RF exposure compliance assessments on more than 17,000 antenna sites since the new FCC rules went into effect in 1997 Has provided testimony as an RF compliance expert more than 1,400 times since 1997
	Have been accepted as an expert in New Jersey and more than 40 other states, as well as by the FCC
Education:	B.E.E., City College of New York (Sch. Of Eng.), 1971 M.B.A., 1982, Fairleigh Dickinson University, 1982 Bronx High School of Science, 1966
Current Responsibilities:	 Leads all PTG staff work involving RF safety and FCC compliance, microwave and satellite system engineering, and consulting on wireless technology and regulation
Prior Experience:	 Edwards & Kelcey, VP – RF Engineering and Chief Information Technology Officer, 1996-99 Bellcore, Executive Director – Regulation and Public Policy, 1983-96
	 AT&T (Corp. HQ), Director – Spectrum Management Policy and Practice, 1977-83 AT&T Long Lines, Group Supervisor – Microwave Radio
	System Design, 1972-77
Specific RF Safety/ Compliance Experience:	 Involved in RF exposure matters since 1972 Have had lead corporate responsibility for RF safety and compliance at AT&T, Bellcore, Edwards & Kelcey, and PTG While at AT&T, helped develop the mathematical models later adopted by the FCC for predicting RF exposure Have been relied on for compliance by all major wireless carriers, as well as by the federal government, several state and local governments, equipment manufacturers, system integrators, and other consulting / engineering firms
Other Background:	 Author, Microwave System Engineering (AT&T, 1974) Co-author and executive editor, A Guide to New Technologies and Services (Bellcore, 1993) National Spectrum Managers Association (NSMA) – former three-term President and Chairman of the Board of Directors; was founding member, twice-elected Vice President, a long-time member of the Board of Directors, and was named an NSMA Fellow in 1991 Published more than 35 articles in industry magazines

Exhibit F: About Crown Castle NG East LLC

Exhibit F: Crown Castle Investor Presentation



June 2018

Grown Castle

Investor Presentation

Cautionary Information

and (15) margins, including site rental gross margin. The term "including", and any variation thereof, means "including, without This presentation contains forward-looking statements and information that are based on management's current expectations. (4) potential benefits and returns which may be derived from our business, our investments and our acquisitions. (5) dividends, including potential growth and dividend yields, (6) demand for our sites and services, (7) leasing activity and tenant additions. (8) our growth, (9) capital allocation and capital expenditures, including sustaining capital expenditures, (10) our balance sheet, (11) capital expenditures, and potential benefits derived therefrom, (2) shareholder returns, (3) our strategic and competitive position, U.S. mobile data traffic, growth, demand, usage and speed, (12) cash flows, (13) revenues, including site rental revenues, (14) AFFO Such statements may include projections. Outlook and estimates regarding (1) carrier network investment, densification,

Such forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including prevailing market conditions Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should any underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those expected. More information about potential risk factors which could affect our results is included in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company assumes no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise This presentation includes certain non-GAAP financial measures. Tables reconciling such non-GAAP financial measures are set Information Package posted in the Investors section of Crown Castle's website



Company Overview

Share

Crown Castle at a Glance

()

4 / 1 /

The Foundation for a Wireless World

\$23BN Remaining Contracted Customer Receivables ⁽²⁾	7-8% Long-Term Target for Annual Growth in Dividends per
5 Years Weighted Average Remaining Customer Contract Term ⁽²⁾	4.2% Dividend Yield®
-60K Raute Miles of Fiber Supporting Small Cells(1)	\$4.20 Dividend per Share ⁽⁴⁾
>40K Towers(1)	\$59BN Enterprise Value ⁽³⁾



As of 3/31/18
As of 3/31/18 excludes renewal terms at customers' option
As of 6/15/18 close
Q1 2018 declared dividend per share annualized

Industry Overview

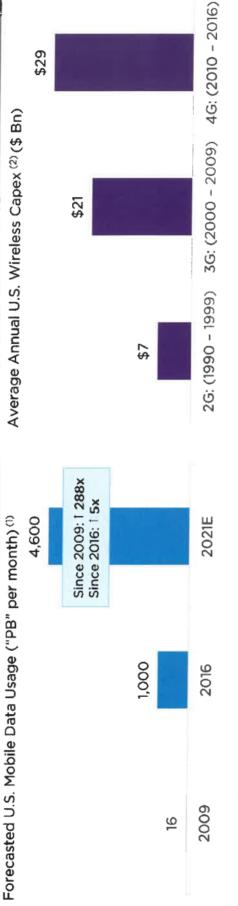
00000000

Growth in Mobile Data Expected to Drive Continued Network Investment

Strong Consumer Demand for Data...

... Has Historically Driven Carrier Network Investment...





"The combined company [T-...And is Expected to Continue - Carrier Commentary on 1Q 2018 Earnings Calls America first and force the Mobile + Sprint] will put with historic capabilities that Sprint] will build a network "Together, we [T-Mobile + "With FirstNet, 5G and fiber development has never build, our network "We remain confident in our strategy and priorities, led by investing in our

-John Legere, T-Mobile CEO across the country..."

-John Stephens,

-Matthew D. Ellis, Verizon EVP & CFO April 24, 2018

AT&T Senior EVP & CFO

April 25, 2018

-Marcelo Claure, Sprint CEO

do better for consumers." competition to invest and

depth to reach every person

will have the breadth and

moved at a faster pace."

networks."

CASTLE

Cisco VNI, 2017; Petabyte ("PB") equivalent to 1 million Gigabytes CTIA Report

2021E

2016

Mobile Data Growth Expected to Continue

Projected Connected Devices per Capita in the U.S.

Projected M2M Traffic in the U.S.



76%...
Of total mobile data traffic in 2021 is projected to be mobile video, up from 64% in 2016 (1)

2016 2021E

CROWN
1. cisco VNI, 2017

Annual increase in mobile connection

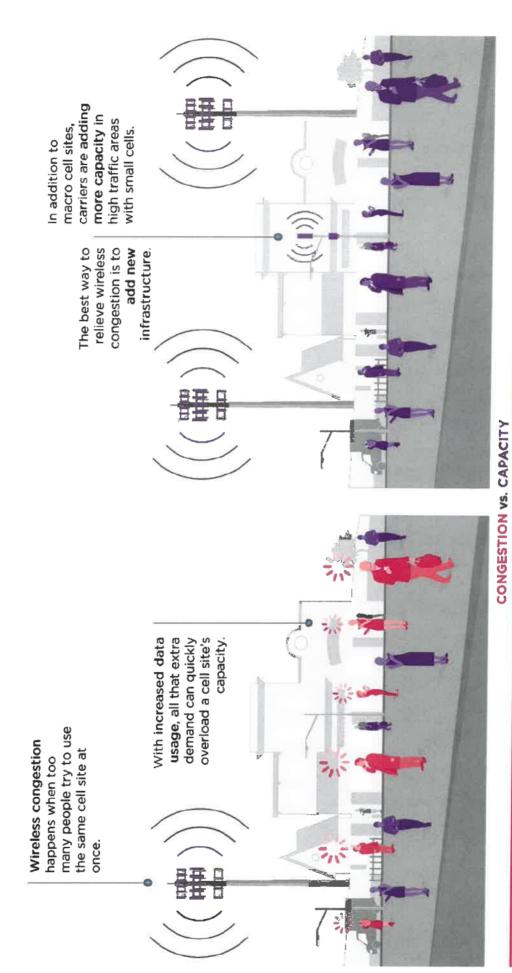
1.8x

11,408

kbps

speed in the U.S. through 2021(1)

Increasing Data Consumption is Driving the Need for Denser Networks of Towers and Small Cells





What Are Small Cells?

Fiber fed small cells enable wireless carriers to add much needed coverage and capacity to relieve congestion on their networks

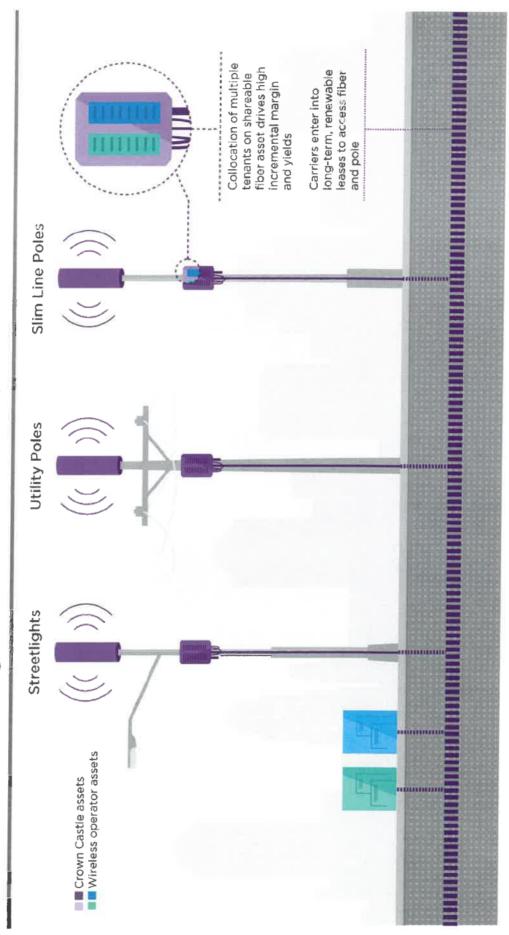




Exhibit F:
Supplier Diversity & How to Become a
Supplier

Our commitment to diversity

we interact with our customers, suppliers, guiding principles and the basis on which conducting our business with the highest business. We believe that partnering with diversity is such a key component of our minority-, women-, and disabled-owned standards and integrity. It's part of our communities where we serve, we work At Crown Castle, we are committed to hard to ensure our own foundation is advantage in the marketplace, and is continually strengthened. That's why essential to the strength of both our shareholders, and fellow employees. To make a positive difference in the businesses gives us a competitive supply chain and our business,

James D. Young

Chief Operating Officer

Certified diverse suppliers may include:

- Minority Business Enterprises (MBE)
- Women Business Enterprises (WBE)

Veteran-Owned Business

Service-Disabled

Enterprises (SDVOBE)

Building the foundation

It's become an inseparable part of Mobile technology is everywhere. The people who make it possible nfrastructure, we're building the nclude our 4,500 employees in our lives. As the nation's largest offices throughout the country, values and standards, and who best results for our customers. customers to keep expanding and improving their networks. on a network of suppliers and can assist us in delivering the dedication to service set the standard in the industry. But we can't do it alone. We rely oundation that enables our provider of shared wireless whose high standards and contractors who share our

Building strong partnerships through supplier diversity

Pennsylvania, will work directly with diversity suppliers introductions to our district offices, located nationally, during the qualification phase. They will help facilitate services your company provides. Our Supply Chain Crown Castle differs depending on the products or Management Department, located in Canonsburg, The process of becoming qualified to do work for where project decisions are made. We outline the basics below, but be sure to visit our website for more information.

Site-related products and contracted How to apply

Purchase and submit a W-9. To obtain contact Supply Chain Management at accept our Terms and Concilions of Supplier Diversity @crowncastle.com. a copy of our Terms and Conditions, products requires your company to The process to provide site-related

acquisition, civil work, filber work, utility regulatory services, you'll need to send maintenance, antenna installation, site To work at our sites for construction information about your company to Supplier. Diversity@crowncastle.com. work, lawn care, engineering, and

Company information can include:

- Capabilities Statement
- Certificates
- · Contact Information

Non-site-related products & services suppliers

The process to apply for qualification to provide non-site-related products company to accept our Terms and Conditions of Purchase and submit and services simply requires your

a W-9. To obtain a copy of our Terms Supplier. Diversity (acrowncastle.com. and Conditions of Purchase, contact Supply Chain Management at

for contracted services Special requirements

nvoicing payment terms

electronic payments from Crown Castle electronically submit involces that meet of Lieri documents, and 3) prepare and 2) comply with the Release and Waiver days. You will be required to 1) accept Our standard payment terms is net 45 Crown Castle's invoice requirements.

Release and Waiver of Lien (RWOL)

if you are providing construction services subject to a lien, we require that you day all subcontractors and obtain an unconditional waiver of lien prior to sending an invoice to Crown Castle.

How we award business

performance may be inwited to perform throughout the United States. Vendors who demonstrate successful business awarded through our district offices additional work in other districts. The vast majority of business is

Areas of opportunity

Crown Castle purchases the following oroducts and services:

SERVICES

Construction

Access Preads

Antenna and Line Installation

Collocation Sibs Construction

Hectrical

Fiber Work

Foundations Srounding

Aicrowave Path Alignment

Raw Land Site Construction Reoftop Site Construction

Small Cell Network Construction (iDas/oDas)

Fower Reinforcement Tower Erection

Waveguide/Sweep Testing

Construction Management Materials Specification Design/Build

Lighting Service: System Repair

AVAC Maintenence

Grounds Keeping

Site Maintenance: Compound

Repair and Improvement

fower Audits/inspections

ower Maintenance

Site Visit, Feasibility, Budget Analysis Pre-Construction Consultation Permitting

Consulting Services

EME and NIR Studies AM Detuning Drive Testing

Environmental Assessment:

VEPA, Phase I & II, SHPO

FAA 2C & 1A Certification Inter-Modulation Studies Interference/

Site Acquisition: Leases, Title, Regulatory Compliance, Site Identification

Surveying

RF Emissions

PRODUCTS

TOWERS

Accessories

Certified Welding Inspections

engineering

Geo-Technical Reports

Construction Drawings

Antennas

Antenna Mounts

Grounding Products

ce Bridges

Irensmission Lines Jumpers

Testing (UT), Magnetic Tosting (MT)

Dye Testing, Level II Ultrasonic Post-Construction Inspections

Non-Destructive Testing:

Modification Drawings

Katerlals Analysis

Construction (IDas/cDas) small Cell Metwork

Antennas

Structural Analysis

Site Plans

Conduits

Fiber Optic Cables Enclosures

Hand-Holes

Repair & Maintenance

Zoning Drawings Tower Mapping

Generator Maintenance

Lightning Protection

Wireless Networking Equipment Underground Electrical Vaults

Concessed Communication Towers Repair & Maintenance Batteries

Equipment Shelters Electrical Supplies

Flags

Hand Tooks

Generators

Locks

Paint/Coatings

Replacement Lamps Safety Equipment

Signage

Standard Communication Towers

Tower Construction Testing Equipment

Tower Lighting: Dual, Medium Intensity, High Intensity, Red Systems, White Systems

Exhibit F:
Our Role In Your World

vour world Our role in

infrastructure, It all works together to meet unprecedented demand-connecting people, businesses, and communities and comprehensive portfolio of communications We own and operate the nation's most unique and erasing life's conventional boundaries.

Our infrastructure transforms everything around us.

People

devices, apps, and data they rely informed, and live their lives We connect people to the on to communicate, stay to the fullest

Businesses and organizations

data and applications they need other targe organizations have We make sure businesses and secure access to the essential to embrace new technologies and stay ahead,

Communities

improve safety and efficiency We provide connections that and that make communities better places to live

Schools and universities

support new learning technologies Our fast, secure fiber networks in the classroom and promote groundbreaking research in righer education.

First responders

We give police officers, firefighters, and EMTs secure access to the information they need to react quickly to emergencies.

Venues

other venues the wireless coverage centers, amusement parks, and and capacity to accommodate We give stadiums, convention arge crowds.

Innovators

technologies that build smarter We help deploy exciting new communities and create new technology companies alike. opportunities for cities and

Lower to the ground, and often attached

to streetlights or utility poles, small cells capacity-or bring new coverage where

add additional wireless coverage and

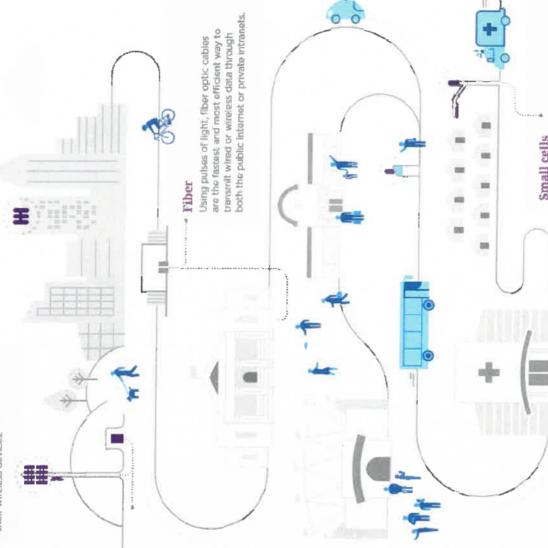
towers aren't feasible.

Cell towers

CROWN

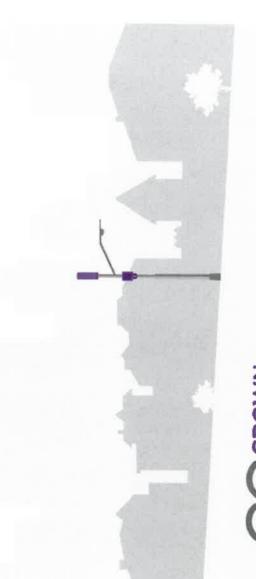
The publishing to possible

Towers receive and transmit cellular area-carrying the voice and data that people send and receive on signals over a large geographic their wireless devices.



The wireless world is changing.

And so is your community.



C CASTLE



Increased data use is driving big changes.

As data usage increases, so does network congestion. Think of it as cars trying to crowd onto a busy interstate. At some point, traffic comes to a standstill. In the wireless world, adding new infrastructure is the equivalent of building more lanes—it gives all that extra data someplace to go.

SBILE

of households rely exclusively on their

mobile phones,3

MOBILE

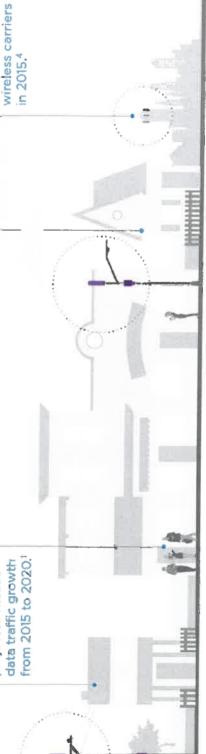
9.6 BILLION

GIGABYTES

of data traffic was facilitated by US

is projected to be 77% of cellular data traffic by 2020.2

projected mobile



Your community's safety is dependent on reliable service,

OF CALLS %08

are placed from wireless phones.6

20%

updating emergency prioritize mobile response plans. administrators access when

of school



Your community needs more wireless infrastructure.

Additional infrastructure translates into more convenience for residents, more efficiency for businesses, and greater safety and peace of mind for the community at large.

Before you get upgraded, this is what you can expect:

■ ASSESSMENT

After considering the needs of resident business owners, and first responders, a determination is made as to where additional infrastructure is needed

PLANNING

Our engineers will design a network that supports the community's need. We gather input and work closely with municipal planners to come up with a solution that best serves everyone's needs.

S CONSTRUCTION

Our construction managers oversee every aspect of the project to ensure safe and proper installation with as little disruption as possible.



, -	
1	

Small cell solutions get big results.

small cell solutions are often most practical in places where you'll get a direct line-of-sight signal-while preserving the connected by fiber optic cable, allowing it to handle large aesthetics of their surroundings. In addition, each node is capacity is an issue. They are small, low-powered, and sit near to the ground, so we can place more of them closer together. They increase capacity and the likelihood that While towers and rooftop antennas are still widely used amounts of data and making future upgrades simple.

an SCS network? What makes up

forms of infrastructure. Typically name implies, they are smaller way they look, but have a few and more discreet than other they include the components Small cell solutions networks can vary significantly in the things in common. As their shown on the right.

ABOUT RADIO BE WORRIED FREQUENCY **EMISSIONS?** SHOULD

from your mobile device.

radio signals to and

send and receive transmitters that radio frequency

These are the small

NODES

from cellular signals, adverse affects There are no

At ground level, cellular signals, and fall within significantly different from TV and radio RF levels are not FCC guidelines.

More resources are available online.

For more information Radiation Protection or links to reputable Society, the Federal Commission (FCC) American Cancer Communications studies, visit the the International websites of the Commission on Organization.

CONNECTION HIGH-SPEED

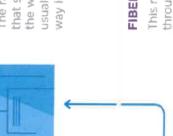
This is the connection from the node to a base stationusually fiber optic.

GROUND EQUIPMENT

usually located out of the way in a central location. The radio transreceivers, the wireless signals are that send and process

FIBER-OPTIC CABLE

and on to its destination. This routes the signals through the network



The benefits of working with Crown Castle.

Wireless infrastructure has been our core business since 1994—before most people even had mobile phones. When we build and maintain a small cell network, you can be sure we're in it for the long haul. Other benefits include:

OUR SHARED INFRASTRUCTURE MODEL

Multiple carriers can use the networks we build, which reduces the need for redundant infrastructure in your community.

OUR COMMITMENT TO AESTHETICS

We take special care to place nodes in the most discreet way possible. In cases where we need to add additional slimline poles, we design them to blend in and fit the style of your community.



OUR ACCESS TO PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

We have Competitive Local Exchange Carrier (CLEC) status in 46 states plus the District of Columbia. That means we can install in the public right-of-way on already-existing infrastructure like utility poles, streetlights, or signposts.

LEARN MORE

() ()

your community as we are. If you'd like to learn We hope you're as excited about improving more about how we can help, contact your local Crown Castle representative or visit CrownCastle.com

ABOUT CROWN CASTLE

- Our national reach includes more than 40,000 towers and 50,000 small cell nodes on air or under contract supported by approximately 60,000 route miles of fiber.
- urban centers and residential neighborhoods. building and maintaining small cell networks in venues and communities, including dense We have more than 15 years of experience
- who understand your community—and We have offices nearby with people its network needs.
- We're an S&P 500 company listed on the NYSE.

@2018 Crown Castle

^{1. &}quot;Visual Networking Index," Cisco, 2016.

^{2. &}quot;Visual Networking Index," Cisco, 2016. 3. "Wireless Snapshot, 2017, C71A, 2017.

^{4. &}quot;Annual Wireless Industry Survey," CTA, 2016.

^{5. &}quot;Building Safer, More Resilient Communities in a New Era of LMR intelligence," Motorola, 2014.

^{6. &}quot;2016 National SN Progress Report," 971,gov., 2017. 7. "Study Shows Mobile-Enabled Ernergency Plans Are a Top Safety Priority for Schools," CampusSafety, 2014.



Exhibit F:

A More Connected Life – How Technology Is

Driving Wireless Demand



A more connected life.

How technology is driving wireless demand.

Where we are: today

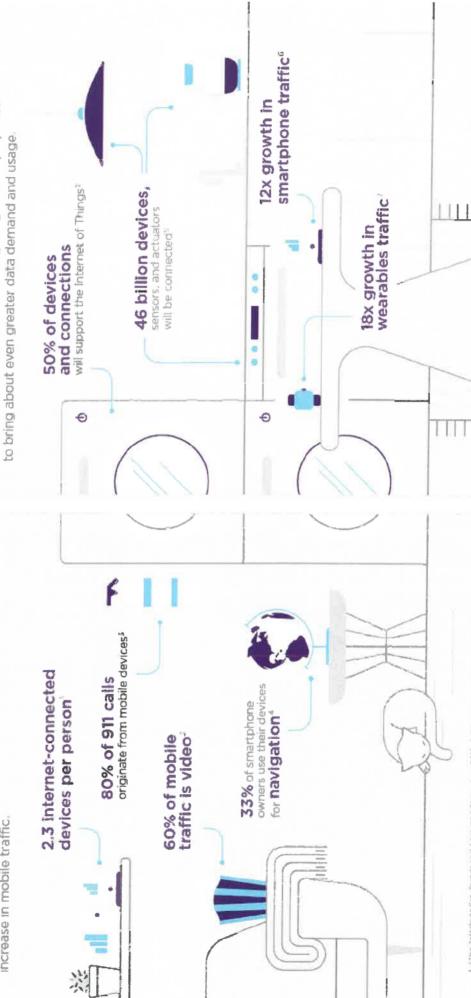
We rely on mobile data now more than ever. Smarter devices, bigger screens, and faster data have led to a dramatic shift in the way we consume information and media—leading to a significant increase in mobile traffic.

In the next 5 years, new developments like 5G and the Internet

Where we're going: 2021

things-online. This new technological growth is projected

of Things (lot) will drive even more of our lives-and



CASTLE

Ericsada, June 2016 7 Visual Helmorkings

Exhibit F: Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity

DEPT. PUBLIC SERVICE 2014 NOV 21 PM 4: 20

EXEC-FILES-ALBANY

Catherine Wang Brett P. Ferenchak

@bingham.com @bingham.com

November 21, 2014

Via Electronic Filing

Jaclyn A. Brilling, Secretary New York Public Service Commission Agency Building 3 Three Empire State Plaza Albany, NY 12223-1350

Re: Crown Castle NG East LLC

Notification of Conversion and Resulting Name Change

Dear Ms. Brilling:

Crown Castle NG East LLC (formerly known as Crown Castle NG East Inc.) (the "Company") hereby notifies the Commission that the Company's current name is "Crown Castle NG East LLC" as a result of the Company's conversion from a Delaware corporation to a Delaware limited liability company. The conversion of the Company to a limited liability company was merely a change in its corporate form accomplished through the filing of Certificate of Conversion in Delaware and did not entail any merger or other transactions interrupting the existence of the Company. The Company's conversion documents and authorization to transact business in New York are provided as Attachment A. The Company requests that the Commission update its records, including the Company's Certificate, to reflect the conversion and resulting name change and, to the extent necessary, approve these changes.

Beijing
Boston
Frankfurt
Haitford
Hong Kong
London
Los Angeles
New York
Orange County
San Franciscu
Santa Monica
Silicon Valtey

Bingham McCutchen LLP 2020 K Street NW Washington, DC 2006 1806

> +1.202.373.6000 +1.202.373.6001 biogham.com

A/76330845.1

See 6 Del. Code § 18-214(g) (stating "[t]he conversion shall not be deemed to constitute a dissolution of [corporation]. When [a corporation] has been converted to a limited liability company pursuant to this section, for all purposes of the laws of the State of Delaware, the limited liability company shall be deemed to be the same entity as the converting [corporation] and the conversion shall constitute a continuation of the existence of the converting [corporation] in the form of a domestic limited liability company.")

The Company is authorized as a facilities-based provider and reseller of telephone service, without authority to provide local exchange services, pursuant to the Certificate granted in Case No. 03-C-0027 in the name NextG Networks of NY, Inc. d/b/a NextG Networks East and amended in Matter No. 12-02842 to reflect a name change to Crown Castle NG East Inc.



Jaclyn A. Brilling, Secretary November 21, 2014 Page 2

A tariff adoption supplement is provided as Attachment B reflecting the Company's current name.³ The Company will also electronically submit an updated Telecommunications Carrier Critical Information (TCCI) form to reflect the change.

Please acknowledge receipt and acceptance of this filing. Should you have any questions regarding this filing, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

But P Ferenchale

Jean L. Kiddoo Brett P. Ferenchak

Counsel for the Company

cc: Judy Sylvester (NY PSC)

The Company has not yet filed a complete replacement tariff following its prior name change. See Matter No. 12-02842. Therefore, the tariff adoption supplement provided with this filing is designated Supplement No. 2.

ADOPTION SUPPLEMENT

Crown Castle NG East LLC hereby adopts, ratifies and in every respect makes its own as if the same had originally been filed by it, P.S.C Tariff No. 1, filed with the Public Service Commission, State of New York by Crown Castle NG East Inc. (f/k/a NextG Networks of NY, Inc.).

Issued: November 21, 2014

Issued by:

Effective: November 24, 2014

Michelle Salisbury, Senior Paralegal Crown Castle NG East LLC 2000 Corporate Drive Canonsburg, PA 15317

A/76188241.1

STATE OF NEW YORK DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SERVICE THREE EMPIRE STATE PLAZA, ALBANY, NY 12223-1350

Internet Address: http://www.dps.state.ny.us

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WILLIAM M. FLYNN Chairman THOMAS J. DUNLEAVY JAMES D. BENNETT LEONARD A. WEISS NEAL N. GALVIN



DAWN JABLONSKI General Counsel JANET HAND DEIXLER

Secretary

April 4, 2003

Julie Kaminski Corsig Davis Wright Tremaine LLP 1500 K Street, Suite 450 Washington, D.C. 2005

Re: Case No. 03-C-0027

Dear Ms. Corsig:

The application, by NextG Networks of NY, Inc. on January 7, 2003, for a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity to operate in New York State as a facilities-based provider and reseller of telephone service, without authority to provide local exchange service, is hereby approved. This approval is based upon the accuracy of the information provided in the company's application and may be revoked if the application is found to contain false or misleading information, for failure to file or maintain current tariffs, or for violation of Commission rules and regulations.

The company's tariff, P.S.C. No. 1 – Telephone, is also approved.

The company is <u>not</u> authorized to use its own operators to handle 0- (emergency or non-emergency) calls. Such calls must be routed to another telephone company or operator services provider authorized to handle such calls, until such time as an amended Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity is obtained pursuant to Part 649.6 of the Commission's rules.

The company must obtain any required consents of municipal authorities before commencing construction of telephone lines. It must also comply with applicable federal laws, New York State Public Service Law and related statutes, and the Commission's rules and regulations.

The company is also required to file a Statement of Gross Intrastate Operating Revenues by March 31 each year. It will be notified in writing each year of the required content and format of this report.

Finally, please complete and return the enclosed, two-page questionnaire to Maria Le Boeuf of our staff within 30 days of receipt of this letter. This information will be added to the directory of telephone companies posted at our website, in order to help consumers search for companies available to meet their telecommunications needs. Any updates or changes should be promptly forwarded as well.

If you have any questions, please contact Maria Le Boeuf at

By direction and delegation of the Commission,

Allan H. Bausback
Director
Office of Communications

alland Bausbada

cc: Robert Delsman, Esq.
NextG Networks of NY, Inc.
2033 Gateway Place, Suite 500
San Jose, CA 95110-3709

Enclosure

	000

QUESTIONNAIRE

Company	Name:		
Case Num	ber:		
Preparer's	Name: Phone Number: E-mail Address:		
for info Pho Ma E-N	mer contact information (for use bormation) one No: illing Address: Mail Address: ebsite Address:	y consumers wishing	g to contact the company
	es Offered icate the telecommunications serv	ices offered by your	company:
Life	Exchange Telephone Service	Resale	Facilities-Based
Intr Inte Inte Private Operate	Distance Tal.ATA Tal.ATA Intrastate Tal.ATA Intrastate Tal.ATA Interstate	00000	
E			

OUESTIONNAIRE - Continued

Service Area Indicate if the company offers service statewide, or identify the counties where service is offered. ☐ Statewide □ Bronx ■ Montgomery ☐ Kings (Brooklyn) □ Nassau ☐ New York (Manhattan) □ Niagara ☐ Oneida □ Queens □ Onondaga ☐ Richmond (Staten Island) ☐ Albany ☐ Ontario ☐ Orange ☐ Allegany ☐ Broome □ Orleans □ Cattaraugus ☐ Oswego ☐ Cavuga ☐ Otsego □ Putnam ☐ Chautauqua ☐ Rensselaer ☐ Chemung □ Rockland ☐ Chenango ☐ St. Lawrence ☐ Clinton ☐ Columbia □ Saratoga ☐ Cortland ☐ Schenectady ☐ Delaware ☐ Schoharie □ Schuyler □ Dutchess ☐ Erie □ Seneca □ Steuben ☐ Essex □ Suffolk ☐ Franklin ☐ Sullivan □ Fulton ☐ Genesee ☐ Tioga □ Tompkins ☐ Greene □ Hamilton □ Ulster □ Warren ☐ Herkimer ■ Washington □ Jefferson □ Lewis □ Wayne □ Westchester □ Livingston □ Madison □ Wyoming

If different services are offered in different areas, please attach a schedule.

□ Yates

☐ Monroe

Exhibit F: Multi-Point Annual Operations Checklist

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Operations Multi-Point Inspection Checklist

1/1	ode General
	Secure equipment. Ensure equipment is locked.
	Thoroughly clean internal components and fans with compressed air.
	Check for any post installation equipment from other entities that would interfere with
	operations.
	Inspect structural integrity.
	Inspect node for general condition, including shroud, meter pan and disconnect box. Insure that
	all these parts are intact and not damaged in any way.
	Inspect Remote Unit mounting brackets. Ensure that all mounting brackets are well secured.
	Inspect for external hazards to the site (i.e. loose structures near antennas, leaning pole, bare
	cables, etc.)
	Bottom Status light : led light green
	Check fiber jumper properly routed and weatherproofed
	Required Signage Posted
	Record Latitude and Longitude
	Record Meter Number
	Meter Number
	Visually check ground.
No	de - RF Cable Contacts and Adaptors
	Note and record any corrosion
	Contacts and Adaptors Tightly screwed
	Confirm node is weatherproof
	Check for bends
	Check for breaks
	Cleaned Fiber (NY ONLY)
An	tenna Node
	Visually inspect weatherproofing
	Properly fastened
	Proper orientation
	Ensure that there is no vegetation within 5ft of Cable and Antenna
	Sweep Test with RL Label (NY ONLY)
	Node - VSWR
	Perform VSWR command to confirm return loss
	VSWR Return Loss

IV	letal Pole
	Design related issues. Weld failures on the base plate, pole seams and access openings. Defects in the pole foundation, concrete, anchor bolts and supporting structures. Internal and external corrosion Improper drainage of any moisture buildup on the interior of pole. Loose anchor bolt nuts. Visual observation of pole vibration. Ensure that hatch door is present and securely locked Visually check ground.
W	ood Pole
	unusual angle with respect to the ground. Buckling and odd angles may indicate that the pole has rotted or is broken. Cracks-The pole should be inspected for cracks. Horizontal cracks perpendicular to the grain of the wood may weaken the pole. Vertical ones, although not considered to be a sign of a defective pole, can pose a hazard to the climber, and the employee should keep his or her gaffs
	away from them while climbing. Holes-Hollow spots and woodpecker holes can reduce the strength of a wood pole Shell Rot and Decay-Rotting and decay are cutout hazards and are possible indications of the age and internal condition of the pole.
	Depth of Setting-Evidence of the existence of a former ground line substantially above the existing ground level may be an indication that the pole is no longer buried to a sufficient extent.
	that it cannot withstand mechanical stress changes
	Visually check ground. Check down guy and hi/low guy attachments and strands Check for Utility company keep-off tags
Ari	el Fiber
	Is the fiber strand sagging too much or too stretched from pole to pole? Is fiber sheath properly lashed? Is the fiber conduit properly secured to the pole and weatherized? Is fiber slack properly secured with correct hardware?

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	Does fiber cable have appropriate clearance from roadway?
Une	derground Fiber
	Is the fiber conduit properly secured to the pole and weatherized? Is micro trench or traditional trench in good condition?

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Exhibit G: RFP REQUIRED FORMS

RFP EXHIBIT C - ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF RELEASE & ADDENDUM

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS
FOR FRANCHISES FOR THE INSTALLATION AND USE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES,
INCLUDING BASE STATIONS AND ACCESS POINT FACILITIES, ON CITY-OWNED STREET LIGHT POLES AND
TRAFFIC LIGHT POLES, AND CERTAIN UTILITY POLES AND OTHER FACILITIES LOCATED ON CITY STREETS, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROVISION OF MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

EXHIBIT C ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF RELEASE DATE AND ADDENDUM

APPLICANT'S NAME:	Crown Castle NG East LLC
RFP RELEASE DATE:	June 12, 2018
NUMBER OF ADDENDA RECEIVED:	Four (4)
ISSUE DATE(S) OF ADDENDA:	06/27/18; 06/29/18; 07/11/18; 07/25/18

RFP EXHIBIT D – AFFIRMATION

REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS

FOR FRANCHISES FOR THE INSTALLATION AND USE OF TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES, INCLUDING BASE STATIONS AND ACCESS POINT FACILITIES, ON CITY-OWNED STREET LIGHT POLES AND TRAFFIC LIGHT POLES, AND CERTAIN UTILITY POLES AND OTHER FACILITIES LOCATED ON CITY STREETS, IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROVISION OF MOBILE TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

EXHIBIT D AFFIRMATION

The undersigned proposer or bidder affirms and declares that said proposer or bidder is not in arrears to the City of New York upon debt, contract, or taxes and is not a defaulter, as surety or otherwise, upon obligation to the City of New York, and has not been declared not responsible, or disqualified, by any agency of the City of New York, nor is there any proceeding pending relating to the responsibility or qualification of the proposer or bidder to receive public contracts except

Full name of Proposer or Bidder Crown Castle NG East LLC					
Address	1220 Augusta Drive, Suite	600			
City_Ho	uston	State Texas	_Zip Code _	77057	
CHECK C	NE BOX AND INCLUDE A	APPROPRIATE NUME	BER:		
_ A	- Individual or Sole Prop SOCIAL SECURITY N	•			
σχB	- Partnership, Joint Vent EMPLOYER IDENTIFIC				
пС	- Corporation		(Limited Li	ability Company)	
	EMPLOYER IDENTIFIC	CATION NUMBER			
By /	Innel Semilone				
Sig	nature Cellel				
Title					

If a corporation, place seal here:

Must be signed by an officer or duly authorized representative.

^{*} Under the Federal Privacy Act the furnishing of Social Security Numbers by bidders on City contracts is voluntary. Failure to provide a Social Security Number will not result in a bidder's disqualification. Social Security Numbers will be used to identify bidders, proposers, or vendors to ensure their compliance with laws, to assist the City in enforcement of laws as well as to provide the City a means of identifying of businesses which seek City contracts.

RFP EXHIBIT F – DOING BUSINESS DATA FORM





Doing Business Data Form

To be completed by the	e City agency prior t	to distribution	Agency		Transaction	ID	
Check One	Transaction Typ	pe (check one)					
☐ Proposal ☐ Award	☐ Concession	☐ Economic D	evelopment Agreement	☐ Franchise	☐ Grant	Pension Investment Contract	et 🛘 Contrac
either type responses dire	ctly into this fillable fo	orm or print answ	ers by hand in black ink,	and be sure to fi	ill out the ce	m (see Q&A sheet for more inform ertification box on the last page. S e an award or enter into an agr	Submission of a
This Data Form requires in Data Form will be included	nformation to be prov	ided on principal e of people who o	officers, owners and ser to business with the City	nior managers. The	ne name, en will the orga	nployer and title of each person is anizations that own 10% or more PASSPort registration or VENDE	dentified on the of the enitity. N
Please return the comple DoingBusiness@mocs.nyo							
Entity Information					If you are	e completing this form by hand, p	lease print clea
Entity EIN/TIN		Entity Nam	e Crown Castle N	NG East LLC			
Filing Status			(Select One)				
NEW: Data Forms submitisting of organizations, or more ownership of the of ownership is submitted	as well as individuals, entity. Until such cer	with 10% tification	Change from previou	s Data Form date	ed_02/14/2	ta Form. Fill out the entire form. 1008 Fill out only those se the no longer hold positions with	
update form, a no change			☐ No Change from prev	vious Data Form	dated	. Skip to the bottom o	f the last page.
Entity is a blan Dunlit	□ Yes	■ No					
Entity is a Non-Profit Entity Type El Corporation			C Partnership (any	type) D Sole P	Proprietor	Other (specify)	
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Houston			6	tate_TX		Zip 77057	
Phone.		E-mail		orowncastl		ΖΙΡ	
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Principal Owners Please fill in the required identification information for all ind 10% or more of the entity. If no individual or organization of the entity is owned by other companies that control 10% of fill in his/her name and write "See above." If the entity is filin If more space is needed, attach additional pages labeled "A	owners exist or more of g a Chang	st, please check the appropriate box to indicate why the entity, those companies must be listed. If an own e Form, list any individuals or organizations that are i	and skip to the Senior Managers section. ner was identified on the previous page,
There are no owners listed because (select one): The entity is not-for-profit The entity is an	ı individual	☐ No individual or organization owns	10% or more of the entity
Other (explain)			
Individual Owners (who own or control 10% or more of t	the entity)		
First Name N		t	Birth Date (mm/dd/yy)
Office Title		Employer (if not employed by entity)	
Home Address			
First Name N	/II Last	t	Birth Date (mm/dd/yy)
Office Title			
Home Address			
Outside Comment (Abot outside 1909) or many	of the auti	n d	
Organization Owners (that own or control 10% or more of Organization Name Crown Castle NG Networks LLC		sy)	
Organization Name Crown Castle Solutions LLC			
Organization Name Crown Castle Operating Compa	any (see	additional page)	
Organization Name			
Remove the following previously-reported Principal Own			
Name			
Name			
Name			_ Nerrioval Date
Senior Managers Please fill in the required identification information for all seni this form is for a contract award/proposal, grant managers if and high-level oversight regarding the solicitation, letting or a will be considered incomplete. If a senior manager has been list individuals who are no longer senior managers at the bott	for a grant administrati identified o	, etc.). Senior managers include anyone who, either ion of any transaction with the City. At least one senion a previous page, fill in his/her name and write "Se	by title or duties, has substantial discretion or manager must be listed, or the Data Form e above." If the entity is filing a Change Form,
Senior Managers			
	I D. Last	Young	Birth Date (mm/dd/yy)
Office Title See Above		Employer (if not employed by entity)	
Home Address			
First Name_RobertM	l Last	Ackerman	Birth Date (mm/dd/yy)
Office Title SVP and Chief Operating Officers - Towers and	d Small Ce	Employer (if not employed by entity) Crown Ca	astle USA Inc.
Home Address			
First Name Cathy M	l Last	Piche	Birth Date (mm/dd/yy)
Office Title Area President - East Area		Employer (if not employed by entity) Crown Ca	astle USA Inc.
Home Address		(see additional page)	
Remove the following previously-reported Senior Manage	ers		_removal date
Name Michael Donelson Name Todd K. Shultz			removal date 07/11/2018
Name_Todd R. Shuitz			removal date
Certification I certify that the information submitted on these two pages a materially false statement may result in the entity being foun Name Lewis Kessler	and 1 and non-resp	additional pages is accurate and complete. I understa consible and therefore denied future City awards. Title VP General I	
Entity Name Crown Castle Solutions LC	/	TitleTitle	
Entity Name	_		Work Phone #

Please return this form to the City agency that supplied it to you, not to the Doing Business Accountability Project.

Standard Form

NYC Doing Business Data Form (continued)

Organization Owners (that own or control 10% or more of the entity) continued:

Organization Name: Crown Castle International Corp.

Senior Managers:

Lewis Kessler, Vice President, General Manager - East Area

DOB:

Remove the following previous-reported Senior Managers:

Name: Peter Broy removal date: 07/11/2018



Appendix

Equipment Exhibit Matrix

Proposal + Exhibit	Fauitment Cabinet /Chroud	Assessed 1		Tennant	Areas of	Exhibit (Refer	
Tighty i peodors	cquipment, cabinet, onroud	Antenna(s)	Pole Type	Capacity	Deployment	to RFP)	Technology
Proposal (Exhibit A) : Existing Approved Equipment Specification	DoITT Cabinet: 9"D x 35"H x 15.5"W 2.8 cubic ft	26"H x 2"D 48"H x 2"D 60"H x 2"D 72"H x 2"D	Metal Street Light Wood Utility Pole	1 to 2	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit A	46
Wooden Utility Poles (Exhibit B-1) : (Equipment Approved by ConEd)	Utility Approved Larger Cabinet, DoITT Style: 12"D x 42"H x 23.9"W 7 cubic ft	24"H x 14.6"D 48"H x 8"D 26"H x 8"D	Wood Utility Poles	3 to 4	Zones B, C	Exhibit B-1	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Milimeter Wave
DOT Control Box Type 8 (Exhibit C): (DOT Cabinet Deployed Throughout the City)	DOT Control Box Type 8: 15"D x 43"H x 21"W 7.8 cubic ft	75"H x 2"D- Antenna Option #1	Metal Street Light	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit C	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Milimeter Wave
DOT Control Box Type 12 (Exhibit C) : (DOT Cabinet Deployed Throughout the City)	DOT Contro Box Type 12: 15"D x 49"H x 21"W 8.9 cubic ft	75"H x 2"D - Antenna Option #1 60"h x 4"D - Antenna Option #2 24"H x 14.5"D - Antenna Option #3	Metal Street Light	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit C	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Milimeter Wave
Optimal 5G/loT Deployment Configuration for Zones A, B & C (Exhibit D)	See Exhibit D (Small Cell Volume Needs)	See Exhibit D (Small Cell Volume Needs)	Metal Street Light Wood Utility Pole	3 to 4	Zones A, B, C	Exhibit D	4G, Enhanced 4G, 5G, Milimeter Wave

Description of Figures in Response

- Figure 1 Photos of Existing Installations
- Figure 2 Equipment Matrix for Exhibits B-1 and C
- Figure 3 Utility Pole Installations, Current City Spec on Top Two Photos and ConEd Spec on Bottom Two Photos
 - Figure 4 Large Utility Equipment on Utility Poles In the Outer Boroughs by Others
- Figure 5 Photo Simulation of Current DoITT Spec and Specs proposed in Equipment Matrix
 - Figure 6 Photos of Existing Ground Furniture
- Figure 7 Wireless Technology Matrix
- Figure 8 National Operations Center Monitoring Matrix
- Figure 9 National Operations Center Target Response Times
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- Figure 14 Graph of Desktop Internet Consumption vs Mobile Internet Consumption